

AGENDA TITLE: Re-Set Public Hearing for February 1,2006 to Consider Resolution Adopting the

San Joaquin County Regional Transportation Impact Fee (RTIF) and Authorize

City Manager to Execute Fee Program Operating Agreement

MEETING DATE: January 4,2006

PREPARED BY: Public Works Director

RECOMMENDED ACTION: That the City Council re-set a public hearing originally scheduled for

January 4, 2006 to February 1, 2006 to consider a resolution adopting the San Joaquin County Regional Transportation Fee (RTIF) and authorize the City Manager to execute the fee program operating

agreement.

BACKGROUND INFORMATION: Note that the City Council on December 21,2005, set this item for a

public hearing on January 4, 2006. However, staff did not allow enough time to meet the statutory mailing requirement (14 days minimum) which requires that all the background material be mailed to

interested parties with the hearing date. The next regular scheduled meeting that meets this requirement is February 1,2006.

The San Joaquin Council of Governments (COG), with the participation of our City Council representative and staff, has studied and adopted a new fee program to help pay for regional transportation improvements. Such a program was encouraged as part of Measure K – the ½-cent transportation sales tax in this County. (A <u>local</u> transportation fee is required as part of Measure K.)

The COG has asked San Joaquin County and each City to adopt this program (see letter, Exhibit A). A presentation on this subject was made to the City Council at its meeting of November 16,2005, by City and COG staff. A model ordinance provided by COG was adapted to the City's Municipal Code and introduced at the December 21, 2005 meeting and is scheduled to be adopted at the January 4,2006 meeting. The actual fee is adopted by resolution following adoption of the ordinance. In addition, the Council will be asked to authorize execution of an operating agreement between the City and COG regarding administration of the fee program.

#### The RTIF Program consists of:

- Technical Report dated October 27, 2005 (the "Nexus Study") Exhibit B This report provides the technical documentation and analysis supporting the fee program and the maximum fee.
- Operating Agreement Exhibit C This agreement details the procedures for setting, collecting and administering the fees and will be considered following the public hearing in February 2006.
- City Ordinance (Attached) This ordinance is based on the model ordinance provided by COG and provides the legal basis for implementing the fee program.
- Resolution (Attached) This resolution actually sets the fees and will be considered at the public hearing. The new fees will become effective 60 days after adoption of the resolution.

APPROVED: Blair King City Manager

12/29/2005

Set Public Hearing for January 18, 2006 to Consider Resolution Adopting the San **Joaquin** County Regional Transportation Impact Fee (RTIF) and Authorize City Manager to Execute **Fee** Program Operating Agreement January **4**, 2006

Page 2

Some of the highlights of the Program are:

- A. The proposed fees are:
  - o \$2,500 per single-family dwelling
  - \$1,500 per multi-family dwelling unit
  - o \$1.00 per retail building square foot
  - \$1.25 per office building square foot
  - \$0.75 per industrial building square foot
- B. The fee is automatically adjusted each July 1 by the change in the Engineering News Record Construction Cost Index.
- C. The fees are to be solely used for projects listed in the technical report.
- D. 10% of the funds collected by Cities are provided to San Joaquin County for RTIF projects located within the unincorporated area.
- **E.** 10% of the funds collected by each agency are provided to the COG for State Highway projects on the RTIF list.
- F. 5% of the funds collected by each agency are provided to the COG for transit improvements on the RTIF list
- G. 75% of the funds collected by each City (85% County) may be retained by the agency for RTIF projects at their discretion or provided to COG for an RTIF project. A city could agree to transfer a higher amount to the agencies described in D, E, and F for specific projects.
- H. Up to 2% of the first million dollars retained by each agency may be used for administrative costs (plus up to 1% of amounts over one million).
- I. RTIF funds are to be kept in a separate fund and inter-fund borrowing is specifically prohibited, except within the RTIF program.
- J. Semi-annual and annual reporting to COG is required.
- K. Except for the annual index adjustment, there is a 5-year "freeze" on the fees and the program, with 5-year updates following.
- L. Provisions for fee credits or reimbursements to developers for RTIF projects built by development projects are included, similar to the City's fee program.
- M. The City will need to evaluate its own transportation fee to eliminate any double-counting of projects/funding between the RTIF and the City fee. A review of the City's fee program is underway.

In keeping with the intent of Measure K and recognizing the growing need for transportation funding, City staff is supportive of the RTIF. However, staff does not recommend adding a separate component for the City's Public Art Fund. Public art is becoming a more common element in major transportation projects. Individual project sponsors would work with COG on any art component as part of the project scope and budget.

FISCAL IMPACT: Additional transportation funding actually available to Lodi will depend on

development activity. The City's 2005 **fee** for transportation projects is \$12,969 per low-density residential acre or approximately \$2,600 per single-family unit.

Clearly, the RTIF would be a significant increase in available funding.

FUNDING AVAILABLE: Not applicable.

Public Works Director

RCP/pmf Attachments

cc: Wally Sandelin. City Engineer
SJCOG – Andy Chesley
Pennino & Associates



#### SAN JOAQUIN COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS

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November 1, 2005

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TRACY,
AND

THE COUNTY OF

Mr. Blair King, City Manager City of Lodi 221 W. Pine Street Lodi, CA 95240

Dear Mr. King:

On October 27, 2005, the Board of Directors of the San Joaquin Council of Governments (SJCOG) unanimously adopted the Regional Transportation Impact Fee (RTIF) program. Enclosed for the City of Lodi's review are the RTIF Technical Report, Ordinance, and Operating Agreement. In addition, a Draft Resolution designed to be used by each participating agency to establish the San Joaquin County RTIF Program Fees is enclosed for your review.

The consulting firm of Pennino & Associates has been secured by SJCOG to coordinate the presentation of the RTIF program with all jurisdictions. It is SJCOG's goal to present the RTIF program to all jurisdictions during the months of November and December. Within the next week, you will be contacted to arrange for the RTIF program to be scheduled for action by the Lodi City Council.

It is at the discretion of each jurisdiction to adopt the RTIF program by ordinance or by resolution. Whatever approach the City of Lodi plans to pursue, SJCOG staff will be available to assist in any way possible.

Please direct any questions regarding the RTIF program documents to Michael Swearingen, SJCOG Senior Regional Planner at (209) 468-3913.

Thank you for your immediate attention to the delivery the RTIF Program to the City Council for their review and consideration.

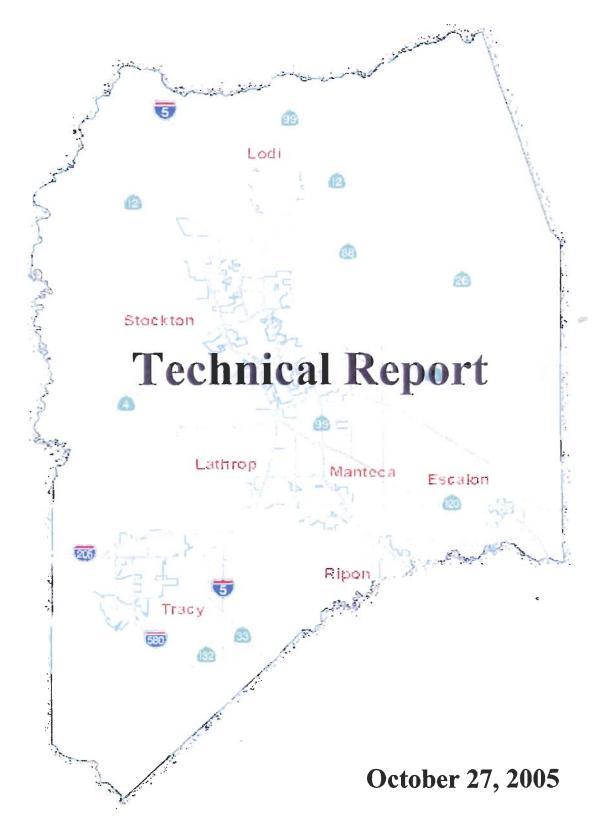
Sincerely,

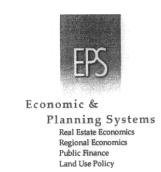
ANDREW T. CHESLEY
Interim Executive Director

Exhibit B



# REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION IMPACT FEE





#### FINAL REPORT

### SANJOAQUIN REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION IMPACT FEE

Prepared for:

San Joaquin Council of Governments

Prepared by:

Economic & Planning Systems, Inc. and Fehr & Peers Associates Inc.

October 2005

EPS #15040



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#### I. INTRODUCTION AND RESULTS

This Technical Report is designed to provide participating jurisdictions in San Joaquin Region with the necessary technical documentation and nexus analysis supporting the adoption of a Regional Transportation Impact Fee (RTIF) Ordinance. It has been prepared by Economic & Planning Systems, Inc. (EPS) and Fehr & Peers Associates Inc., with input and guidance from the San Joaquin Council of Governments (SJCOG). The RTIF program described in this Report is based on current growth projections and infrastructure requirements and is consistent with the most recent relevant case law and the principles of AB1600 or Government Code Section 66000 et seq ("Fees for Development Projects"; except where specific citations are provided, this statute will be referred to in this Report as AB 1600).

Following this introductory chapter, Chapter II discusses the land use growth projections used in this analysis and Chapter III describes the RTIF capital costs. Chapter IV describes the modeling techniques used to establish nexus for the RTIF program and the resulting RTIF program fee calculation by land use category.

#### PURPOSE OF PROPOSED FEFS AND TECHNICAL REPORT

The RTIF program described in this Report will provide funding for regional transportation improvements required to serve new development and to ensure that existing service levels can be maintained. To the extent that required improvements serve both new and existing development, or travel through the San Joaquin Region, only the portion that is attributable to new development inside the region is included in the RTIF program. It is expected that the RTIF program funding **will** be augmented by other revenue sources to meet overall funding requirements, particularly Measure K funding and State and Federal Grants.

This Report also provides a schedule of fees to be established by the RTIF Ordinance and/or Resolution. This Report and the technical information it contains should be maintained and reviewed periodically by the SJCOG and participating jurisdictions as necessary to ensure its accuracy and to enable the adequate programming of funding sources. To the extent that improvement requirements, costs, or development potential changes over time, the RTIF program will need to be updated.

The proposed RTIF program fee, if approved, will need to be enabled through adoption by participating jurisdictions of a new Ordinance or Resolution. The enabling Ordinance would allow the jurisdiction to adopt, by Resolution, a fee schedule consistent with supporting technical analysis and findings. The Resolution approach to setting the fee allows periodic adjustments of the fee amount that may be necessary over time, without amending the enabling Ordinance.

#### SUMMARY OF MAXIMUM AND PROPOSED FEES

A summary of the maximum fees calculated in this RTIF Technical Report by land use category are provided in **Table 1** and summarized below. Because of insufficient data on office growth projection, office category is included as part of the commercial/industrial category.

- \$2,512 per single-family unit
- \$1,542 per multifamily **unit**
- \$4.65 per retail square foot
- \$2.13 per commercial/industrial square foot

The fees shown above represent the maximum fee that can be charged based on the nexus findings described in this Report. These **fees** are calculated to generate sufficient revenue to cover the RTIF capital facility costs associated with new development in the County. Participating jurisdictions may **as** a matter of policy deade to charge a fee below the maximum fee for any or all of the land uses. However, the revenue shortfall to the RTIF program that would result from reducing the fees must be made up by other non-RTIF revenue sources. Specifically, the fee levels for certain land uses cannot be raised to cover revenue shortfalls that result from lowering the fees on other land uses.

SJCOGin conjunction with participating agencies have proposed to charge a fee below the maximum amount legally allowed based on the nexus calculations presented above. A comparison between the maximum RTIF fee and the proposed RTIF fee is presented in **Table 1** of this report.

The fee reduction is based on key stakeholders (i.e., developers, elected officials, city/county offiaals) goal to mitigate the impact new growth has on the regional transportation system as well as continue to foster economic development, job creation, and sales tax generation. The proposed fees represent a consensus reached by the region's leaders based on the analysis of economic drivers pertinent to the San Joaquin region.

#### IMPLEMENTATION AND LEGAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### ANNUAL REVIEW

AB 1600(at Gov. C. §§ 66001(c), 66006(b)(1)) stipulates that each local agency that requires payment of a fee make specific information available to the public annually within 180 days of the last day of the fiscal year. This information includes the following:

Table 1
Regional Transportation Impact Fee Amount
San Joaquin RTIF Nexus Study; EPS#15040

Category	Maximum RTIF Fee	Proposed RTIF Fee
Total Fee Revenue	\$410,230,388	\$374,620,076
Fee Per Single-Family Unit	\$2,512	\$2,500
Fee Per Multi-Family Unit	\$1,542	\$1,500
Fee Per Retail Sqfl.	\$4.65	\$1.00
Fee Per Commercial\Industrial Sqfl. (I) Office Industrial	\$2.13 \$2.13	\$1.25 \$0.75

<sup>(1)</sup> The maximum RTIF fee calculation combines office and industrial land use categories due to insufficient data to separate the two categories.

- A description of the type of fee in the account.
- The amount of the fee.
- The beginning and ending balance of the fund.
- The amount of fees collected and interest earned.
- Identification of the improvements constructed.
- The total cost of the improvements constructed.
- The fees expended to construct the improvement.
- The percent of total costs funded by the fee.

If sufficient fees have been collected to fund the construction of an improvement, the agency must specify the approximate date for construction of that improvement. Because of the dynamic nature of growth and infrastructure requirements, participating jurisdictions and the SJCOGshould monitor development activity, the need for infrastructure improvements, and the adequacy of the fee revenues and other available funding. Formal annual review of the CFF program should occur, at which time adjustments should be made. Costs associated with this monitoring and updating effort can be included in the RTIF program.

#### **SURPLUS FUNDS**

AB 1600 also requires that if any portion of a fee remains unexpended or uncommitted in an account for five years or more after deposit of the fee, the City Council shall make findings once each year: (1) to identify the purpose to which the fee is to be put, (2) to demonstrate a reasonable relationship between the fee and the purpose for which it was charged, (3) to identify all sources and amounts of funding anticipated to complete financing of incomplete improvements, and (4) to designate the approximate dates on which the funding identified in (3) is expected to be deposited into the appropriate fund (§66001(d)).

If adequate funding has been collected for a certain improvement, an approximate date must be specified as to when construction on the improvement will begin. If the findings show no need for the unspent funds, or if the conditions discussed above are not met, and the administrative costs of the refund do not exceed the refund itself, the local agency that has collected the funds must refund them (Gov. C §66001(e)(f)).

#### SECURING SUPPLEMENTAL FUNDING

The RTIF program identifies \$561 million in capital projects that can be funded in full or in part by impact fee revenue. However, the RTIF revenue generated is itself not sufficient or appropriate for funding the full amount of the RTIF capital projects identified in this Technical Report. For example, out of the \$561 million in RTIF capital projects, approximately \$128 million can be attributable to trips that originate or end outside the San Joaquin Region. The new facility costs attributable to these "external trips" cannot be covered by impact fee revenue. In addition, the SJCOGBoard may

Draft Technical Report San Joaquin Regional Transportation Impact Fee October 24, 2005

approve fee levels that are lower than the maximum amount allowed based on the nexus analysis, further reducing the revenue available to the RTIF program. **Thus,** to fully implement the RTIF program, the SJCOG will have to obtain funding and pay for improvements not covered by impact fee revenue. Examples of such sources include Measure K funds; CALTRANS funding; and other local, State and federal sources. Ultimately, funding for the entire cost of the **RTIF** program must be identified and allocated during the life of the RTIF program.

#### 11. RTIF GROWTH PROJECTIONS

The **RTIF** program fee is a one-time fee levied on new development at a rate proportional to its demand for transportation capital improvements. Thus, a forecast of new development in the San Joaquin Region is required to calculate the fee. This Chapter documents the land use growth assumptions used to calculate the RTIF program fee. Specifically, it describes the amount of residential, retail, and commercial/industrial land use development expected to occur in San Joaquin Region through the year 2030. These estimates are used for the following primary purposes in the fee calculation:

- Estimates of existing and future development are used to evaluate future traffic levels and determine the need for transportation improvements in the San Joaquin Region.
- Estimates of future development are used to allocate the costs of required transportation improvements and ultimately to calculate a fee per unit of new growth.

The following sections describe the development projections and the key assumptions underlying them.

#### TIME HORIZON

The time horizon for an impact fee program is important because it determines the type and amount of transportation improvements that will be included in the fee program as well as the level of growth these improvements will serve. A longer time horizon will result in more transportation improvements being included in the RTIF program fee because of the added traffic demands from the increased population and jobs that will occur by that future date. A shorter time horizon typically reduces the number of improvements in the RTIF program fee because it includes only those improvements needed to accommodate a lower level of population and employment growth.

There are two ways that the time interval can be set in an impact fee analysis. One approach is to consider all improvements needed through the "build out" of a community's General Plan. Another approach is to establish a future date, typically before "build out" occurs, which is consistent with forecast data or improvement cycles. Both techniques are used in impact fee technical reports.

This Technical Report is based on a time horizon that ends in the year 2030. This corresponds to the timeframe used in the Regional Transportation Plan (RTP) which specifies the priority transportation projects in the San Joaquin Region, as approved by SJCOG. The timeframe also corresponds to the household and employment projections available for use in this Report, **as** further described below.

#### **GROWTH PROJECTIONS**

The regional household and employment projections, provided by SJCOG, form the basis for developing growth forecasts by land use category. Specifically, household growth projections are used to estimate future residential development, whereas employment growth projections are used to estimate future retail and commercial/industrial development. The household and employment projections used in this Report are based on standard methodology developed in the 2030 Regional Transportation Plan, which is adopted throughout the San Joaquin Region. Table 2 summarizes the projection data.

For employment projections, approximately 350 square feet per retail employee and 700 square feet for all other employment categories are assumed to estimate the commercial/industrial development. In addition, an average vacancy rate of 7 percent for retail and commercial/industrial space is **also** assumed. The allocation of employment into retail and commercial/industrial land use categories is based on the historical employment proportions reported in data approved by the SJCOG.

#### **DWELLING UNIT EQUIVALENTS**

This analysis relies on Dwelling Unit Equivalent (DUE) factors to compare and evaluate future development across land use categories. Specifically, DUE factors compare residential, retail, and commercial/industrial land uses to one another based on their vehicle trip generation rates in order to develop a common metric for analysis. The factors used to convert residential, commercial/industrial, and retail growth into DUEs are shown in **Table 3**, and are based on standard assumptions regarding trip generation and trip diversion.' The DUE factors are then used to calculate total DUE growth by land use, as shown in Table **4**.

Assumptions based on data from the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) Trip Generation Model (6"Edition) and the San Diego Council of Governments (SANDAG) Brief Guide to Vehicular Traffic Generation Rates, July 1998.

Table 2
Projected Development by Land Use
San Joaquin RTIF Study; EPS#11212

	Yea	r	Total	Avg. Annual
Category	2005	2030	Growth	Growth
Single Family Residential (Units)	165,334	287,943	122,609	2%
Multy-Family Residential (Units)	80,122	111,990	31,868	1.3%
Retail				
Employment	47,347	59,311	11,964	0.9%
Square Feet (1)	15,411,449	19,305,731	3,894,282	0.9%
Commercial/Industrial				
Employment	247.161	272,355	25,194	0.4%
Square Feet (2)	160,901,811	177,303,105	16,401,294	0.4%

<sup>(1)</sup> Assumes 350 SF per Retail employee, and a 7.0% vacancy rate.

<sup>(2)</sup> Assumes 700 SF per Commercial / Industrial employee, and a 7.0% vacancy rate

Table 3
Dwelling Unit Equivalent Calculation Factors
San Joaquin RTIF Nexus Study; EPS #15040

Category	Unit	Pk Hour Trip Rate (1)	% New Trips (2)	DUE
Single Family Residential	DU	1.01	100%	1.00
Multi Family Residential	DU	0.62	100%	0.61
Retail	KSF	3.74	50%	1.85
Commercial				
Office	KSF	1.49	65%	0.96
industrial	KSF	0.88	<b>85%</b>	0.74
Office/Industrial Avg.				0.85

<sup>(1)</sup> Peak hour trip rate based on ITE Trip Generation Manual,6th Edition.

<sup>(2)</sup> Percent new trips based on SANDAG Brief Guide of Vehicular Traffic Generation Rates

Table 4
Total Dwelling Unit Equivalent Growth
San Joaquin RTIF Nexus Study; EPS#15040

Unit Type	<b>DUE</b> Growth (2005 - 2030)
Single Family Residential	122,609
Multi-Family Residential	19,563
Retail Square Feet	7,210
Commercial/Industrial Square Feet	<u>13,937</u>
Grand Total	163,319

#### III. RTIF CAPITAL PROJECTS AND COSTS

This chapter documents the transportation improvements included in the RTIF capital project list and their corresponding costs. The RTIF Master Project List was selected based on the inclusion criteria described herein and refined based on funding need. The eligible RTIF capital project list includes all the projects that are assumed to be funded, in full or in part, by RTIF revenue.

#### RTIF PROJECTINCLUSION CRITERIA

The road and transit projects proposed for funding by the RTIF are included in an initial RTIF Master Project List. The RTIF project list is composed of improvements that fall on the "RTIF Network", a unified system of roadways, transit linkages, and other transportation facilities that confer benefits upon development throughout the County. This network is illustrated in **Figure 1**. The RTIF Network was developed and defined as part of the RTIP planning and policy formulation process.<sup>2</sup>

While an initial RTIF Master Project List has been established as part of this Technical Report, it is recognized that the list of transportation projects may need to be amended over time as circumstances change. As a result, during the RTIF planning process a number of screening criteria were considered and evaluated as a method for selecting the type of projects that would possibly be funded by RTIF revenue. These screening criteria are designed to distinguish projects where the nexus with new development throughout the San Joaquin Region is strong. It is the adherence to the screening criteria that assures that the required "nexus" findings and other requirements of Government Code Section 66000 et seq. are respected.

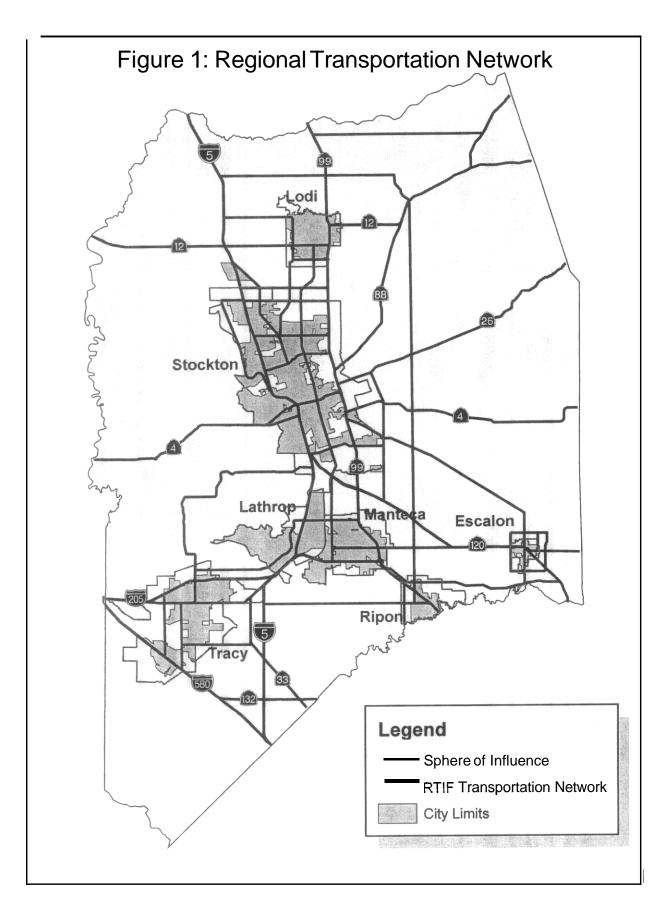
In order to be included in the RTIF Master Project List, Highway Widening, Interchange and Local Roadway Improvement projects must meet all of the following criteria:

- A. All projects must be part of the RTIF Network;
- B. All projects must be scheduled for delivery within the time horizon of the nexus analysis; and<sup>3</sup>
- C. All projects, except interchange improvements, must involve a capacity improvement of one or more through travel or passing lanes, or auxiliary lanes (i.e., turn lanes).

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The RTIF Network is based on the CongestionManagement Program (CMP) network of major facilities of regional significance and supplemented with additional major arterials that serve inter-community travel in San Joaquin County.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> All RTIF highway widening, interchange, regional roadway, and public transit projects must be identified in the SJCOG Board adopted RTIF project list and Regional Transportation Plan (RTP) prior to delivery. The current time horizon for the RTP is 2005 – 2030.



In order to be included in the RTIF Master Project List, all Public Transit projects must satisfy the following criteria: <sup>4</sup>

- A. All projects must be scheduled for delivery within the time horizon of the nexus analysis; and
- B. All projects must involve an improvement to an existing or new service/facility which connects at least two or more cities or regions.

The RTIF nexus fee is based on a combination of highway widening, interchange, and regional roadway projects. The RTIF Master Project List is further refined to ensure that appropriate projects receive necessary funding to complete delivery. These projects were selected from the RTIF Master Project List based on the following:

- **A.** Currently identified in Tier I of the RTP;
- B. Regional roadway and interchange projects that are in Tier I of the RTP and/or are Measure K Renewal projects; and,
- C. All remaining regional roadway projects which fall on the current SJCOG-Board adopted Regional Transportation Network.

A description of the master and eligible RTIF projects and costs are provided in Table 5.

#### CHANGES TO RTIF MASTER PROJECTLIST

As needs and priorities change over time, on a semi-annual basis, a jurisdiction can exchange any one of their RTIF projects from the RTIF Master Project List with one or more of their projects in Tier I of the RTP. This level of **flexibility is** intended to help jurisdictions adapt to changes in funding availability and transportation priorities. However, the following conditions need to be **met** to secure **an** exchange:

- RTP meets air quality conformity requirements;
- The projects are categorized in Tier I of the RTP. Tier I RTP projects are priority projects for which funding sources have been identified; and,
- RTIF nexus requirements are maintained.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Examples of regional transit projects include: (a) capital purchase of rolling stock; (b) bus shelters and associated amenities; and, (c) multi-modal stations and associated amenities.

#### ALLOCATION OF ELIGIBLE RTIF COSTS

RTIF funds represent one source of funding. These funds, combined with other local, state and federal funds ensure the complete delivery of the RTE transportation project. Based on the multiple funding mechanisms, the following rationale was used to allocate net RTIF costs to fiscally constrain the projects and establish the nexus:

- **A.** RTIF Projects currently in Tier **I of** the RTP RTIF gross project **costs** were compared to the costs programmed in the RTP. The cost differentials between the RTIF/Tier I RTP projects were offset with net eligible RTIF costs.
- B. Regional roadway/interchange projects in Tier 1 of the RTP and/or MK Renewal These projects have multiple funding mechanisms and will require RTIF funds to ensure delivery. As part of the nexus, 23 percent of the gross project costs were used not to exceed the eligible RTIF net project costs.
- C. Remaining regional roadway projects -Nexus fee includes **full** RTE costs attributable to new development for **all** remaining Regional Roadway Projects which fall on the adopted Regional Transportation Network.

The impact of this cost allocation is summarized in Table 5. As shown, there are 120 separate RTIF projects with an estimated total capital cost of about \$5.4 billion. Of the total, 48 RTIF projects with a total cost of \$561 million were selected for purposes of calculating the fee amount. This amount reflects to proportion of the projects for which funding sources have not yet been identified. The cost estimates are based on the best information available at the time of this Report. To the extent that this project list and/or the corresponding cost estimates are updated, the maximum fee amount will change accordingly.

Table 5
RTIF Capital Projects
San Joaquin RTIF Nexus Study; EPS#15040

ID#	Project	Project <b>Description</b>	RTIF <b>Master</b> Project Costs (2)	Nexus Project Costs (3)
Main	line Highway Projections			
1	SR-99	Widen 4 to 6 lanes using inside median. Arch Road to Crosstown/99 interchange	\$158,000.000	
2	SR-99	Widen 6 to 8 anes (Outside), City of Manteca (Yosemite Ave) to City of Ripon (West Ripon Road)	\$203,000,000	
	I-5	Widen 6 to 8 lanes (Inside) from Monte Dabo Avenue under crossing to Otto Drive. Ada aux. Possible HOV lane	\$250,000,000	
4	1-5	Wigen 6 to 8 anes (Inside), French Camp Road to Charter Way	\$228,000,000	
5	1-5	Widen 6 to 8 lanes (Inside), SR 120 to French Carry, Road	\$71,000,000	
6	I-205	Wgen 6 to 8 lanes (Insge/Outside) from I-580 to I-5	\$268,000,000	
-	SR-4 Extension	New alignment from Fresno Ave to Daggett Road	\$150,000,000	\$19,843,070
8	SR-99 Widening	W.gen 6 to 8 lanes (Outside), Cherokee Road lo Armstrong Road	\$100,000,000	*
9	SR-99	Widen 6 to 8 lanes (Outside), Crosstown to Cherokee Road	\$194,000,000	
-	SR-99	Widen 6 to 8 lanes (Outside), Arch to Crosstown	\$86.000.000	
_	SR-99 Widening	Widen 4 to 8 lanes (Outside), French Camp Roaa to Arch Road	\$100,000,000	
	1-5	Widen 6 to 8 lanes (Insde), Otto Drive to New Road A (One mile N. of Eight Mie Road)	\$25,000,000	
	SR-99 Widening	Wden 8 to 10 lanes (Outside), Marrossa Road to Cherokee Road	\$150,000,000	
	SR-4 Crosstown Widening	Wigen 6 to 8 lanes, I-5 to SR-99	\$75,000,000	
	SR-26 Widening	Widen 6 to 8 lanes, SR.99 to Austin Road Extension	\$30,000,000	
→ 18	SR-4 Widening	Wigen 6 to 8 lanes, SR-99 to Austin Road Extension	\$30,000.000	
η 17	SR 99 @ Crosstown Freeway	Reconstruct Freeway to Freeway Interchange	\$30,000,000	
	I-5fSR 4 @ Crosstown Freeway	Reconstruct Freeway to Freeway Interchange	\$59.000.000	
	I-5/SR-120	New aranch connections (2 Lane Structures) SR-120 West Io I-5 North, and I-5 South to SR-120 Easl	\$35,500,000	\$6,640,000
-	SR-120	Widen 4 to 6 lanes (Inside) from 1-5 to \$R-99	\$54,000,000	00,000
	SR-12	Waen 2 to 4 lanes (Outside), ada turn lanes, from SR.99 to SR-88	\$50,500,000	\$31,480,000
	SR-99	New capacity "wigen 4 to 6 lanes (Inside), from Jct. 12East to County line.	\$86,000,000	ψο :, :ου,ουο
	SR-99	New capacity = widen 4 to 6 anes (Inside), from north of Harney to SR-12 East	\$11,250,000	
_	I-6	Widen 4 to 6 lanes (Inside), SR-12 to County Line	\$91,000,000	
	I-5 Widening	Widen 8 to 10 lanes. Roth Road to Otto Orve	\$400,000,000	
	SR-12 @ 1-5	Loop Ramps	\$11,250,000	
	SR-99@SR-88	Reconstruct Interchange	\$19,500,000	
	SR-99 @ SR-26	Reconstruct interchange	\$19.500.000	
	SR-26	New capacity ~ widen 2 to 4 lanes (Outside), Cardinal (divertingcanal) to Jack Tone Road	\$48,000,000	
	SR-120 West of Escalon	Widen from Jacktone 5 lane conventional to Sexton. new south alignment to McHenry	\$75,000,000	
	SR-120 West of Escalon	New South alignment from McHenry Ia existing 120 @ Harrold, widen Io 5 lane conventional to county line	\$25,000,000	
	SR-88	Passing lanes. SR-12 to Amador County Line	\$24,000,000	
	I Mainline Highway Projections	assingtances. SIC 12 to Athetor County Line	\$3,157,500,000	\$57,963,070
Total	i Mairiine riigiiway r Tojections		<del>\$3</del> ,137,300,000	401,000,010
	change Modifications, Reconstructi	ons, and Improvements		
33	I-5 @ Lathrop Road	4 lanes under l-5, modify interchange 0.3 miles north and south of Lathrop Roadundercrossing	\$17,200,000	\$3,956,000
	1-205 @ Paradise/Chrisman	Construction of new interchange	\$40,000,000	\$20,800,000
	SR-99@ SR-12 (Kettleman Lane)	Reconstruct inleerchange	520,000,000	\$4,600,000
	SR-99 @ Hamey Lane	Reconstruct interchange	\$20,000,000	
	SR-99 @ North Main	Construct new interchange	\$8,900,000	
38	SR-99 @ Austin Road	Reconstruct/Improve Interchange	\$30,000.000	\$6,900,000

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Table 5
RTIF Capital Projects
San Joaquin RTIF Nexus Study; EPS#15040

ID#	Project	Project Description	RTIF Master Project <b>Costs</b> (2)	Nexus Project Costs (3)
39	SR-120 @ McKinley	Reconstruct/improve Interchange	\$28,200,000	\$6,486,000
40	SR-99 @ Olive Rd.	Construct Interchange to include wnnection with River Road	\$40,000,000	515,760,000
41	SR-99@ Eight Mile Road	Reconstruct Interchange (PM 35.1-35.5)	\$36,120 <u>.</u> 000	\$8,307,600
	SR-99@ March Lane/Wilson	New interchange - Construct combined Wilson Way, March Lane Interchange (P.M. 21.I-22.1)	\$100.000.000	\$23,000,000
	I-5 @ Arch Sperry/French Camp	Modify existing I-5/French Camp Road Interchange(P.M. 20.8-21.2)	\$35,000,000	\$8,050,000
	SR-99 @French Camp Road	Reconstruct interchange	\$35.000.000	
	SR-99 @Arch Sperry Road	Phase 2 interchange improvements	\$15,000,000	
	SR-99 @ Armstrong Road	Reconstruct interchange	\$35,000,000	
	I-5 @ New Road A (N. Gateway)	Construction of new interchange	\$35,000,000	
	SR-99 New Road A (N. Gateway)		\$35,000,000	
	SR-99@ Morada Lane	Reconstructinterchange	\$35,000,000	\$1,000,000
50	I-5 @ Eight Mile Road	Interchange Modification	517.000.000	\$3,910,000
	I-5 @ Otto Drive	Construction of new interchange	\$42,000,000	\$9,660,000
	I-5 @ Hammer Lane	Interchange Modification	\$47,000,000	\$10,810,000
53	SR-99 @ Mariposa Road	Rewnstruct interchange	\$40,000,000	\$9,200,000
	SR-99 @ New Road	Construction of new interchange between French Camp Road and Arch-Spew Road	\$35,000,000	
	15@ Matthews Road	Reconstruct interchange	\$35,000,000	
	I-5 @ Roth Road	Reconstruct interchange	\$35,000,000	
	SR-132@ (-5 and Bird Road	Upgrade interchange, lengthen ramps. widen approaches. install signal controls	\$10.000.000	-
58	I-580 @ Lammers Road	Construction of new interchange	\$55.000.000	
59	I-580 @ Coral Hollow Road	Modification of existing interchange	\$20.000.000	
60	I-205 @ Lammers Road	Construction of new interchange	\$55,000,000	\$12,650,000
	I-205 @ Grantline Road	Modification of existing interchange	\$30,000,000	\$6,900,000
	I Interchange Modifications, Reconst		\$986,420,000	\$151,989,600
Regi	onal RoadwayImprovements		\$20.000.000	\$5.000.00
62	Lower Sacramento Road	Widen from 2 to 6 lanes. Eight Mile Road to Marada Lane	4	
63	Lower Sacramento Road	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes. Armstrong Road to Eight Mile Road	\$10,000,000	<b>A</b>
64	Eight Mile Rd.	Widen from 2 to 8 lanes, 1-5 to SR-99. Project involves 2 railroad grade Separations.	\$50,000,000	\$11,500,000
65	Pacific Avenue	Widen from 6 to 8 lanes, Hammer Lane to March Lane	\$30,000,000	
66	MarchLane	Widen fmm 6 to 8 lanes, Claremontto West Lane	59,262,000	
67	MarchLane	Construct 8 Iane Roadfrom Holman to SR-99	\$25,000,000	
68	West Lane	Widen from 4 to 6 lanes. Armstrong Road to Eight Mile Road	\$10,000,000	
69	West Lane	Widen from 4 to 6In.SPRR s/o Alpine-Calaveras River	\$44,200,000	
70		Widen from 6 to 8 lanes, Eight Mile Road to Alpine Avenue	\$35,000,000	
71	West Lane/Airport Way	Widen from 4 to 6 lanes. Alpine Avenue to Arch Sperry Road	\$60,000,000	
72	Airport Way	Widen from 2 to 6 lanes. French Camp Road to Roth Road	\$15,000,000	
73		Widen from 4 to 8 lanes, Arch/Sperry Road to French Camp Road	\$20,000,000	
_	New Road A	Construct 4 lanes. I-5 to SR-99. Project involves 2 railroad grade separations.	\$25,000,000	
75		Widen from 2 to 6 lanes, Bear Creek to Hammer Lane	\$20,000,000	
76 77		Construct 4 lanes, Otto Drive to March Lane	\$10,000.000	\$3,000,000
	Aksiand Avenue Ryde Avenue Bridge	Construct 4 lane bridge Over the Calaveras River	\$5,000,000	
70	Mariposa Road	Widen from 2 to 8 lanes. SR-99 to Austin Road	\$30,000,000	1

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Table 5
RTIF Capital Projects
San Joaquin RTIF Nexus Study; EPS#15040

ID#	Project	Project Description	RTIF Master project costs (2)	Nexus Project costs (3)
79	Austin Road	Construct 6 lanes. SR-26 to Main Street	\$10,000,000	
-	Austin Road	Construct 8 lanes, Main Street to Mariposa Road	\$60,000,000	
	Austin Road	Construct 6 lanes, Mariposa Road to Arch Road	\$5,000,000	
82	Austin Road	Construct 4 lanes, Arch Road to French Camp Road	\$20,000,000	
83	Arch-Spew Rd.	Construct 2 to 8 lanes, I-5 to Performance Drive	\$65,000,000	\$14,950,000
	Arch-Spew Rd.	Construct 2 to 8 lanes, Performance Drive to Frontier Way	\$35,000,000	\$22,595,000
	Arch-Spew Rd.	Widen from 2 to 6 lanes, Frontier Way Io Austin Road	\$10,000,000	\$5,690,000
86	French Camp Road	Widen from 2 to 6 lanes, SR-99 to Arch-Sperry Road	\$40.000.000	
87	Harney Ln.	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes, SR-99 to Lower Sacramento Road (2.6 Miles)	\$12,250,000	\$2,817,500
88	Jack Tone Rd.	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes entire length (SR-991o SR-88)	\$27,000,000	\$6,210,000
89	Liberty Road	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes, SR-99 to \$R-88	\$24,974,000	
90	Peltier Road	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes, SR-99 to 15	515,500,000	
91	Peltier Road	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes, SR-99 to Elliott Road	\$25,573,000	
92	Elliott Road	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes, SR-88 to Peltier Road	\$12,900,000	
93	Yosemite Ave	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes, City limit to North Ripon Rd. 3.05 miles.	\$4,758,000	
94	Mariposa Road	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes. Austin Road to Jack Tone Road	\$17,352,000	
7 95	Mariposa Road	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes. Jack Tone Road to Escalon-Belota Road	\$20,063,000	
96	French Camp Road	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes. SR-99 to SR-120	\$26,084,000	
97	Tracy Boulevard	Passing lanes and channelization	\$21,202,000	
98	Howard Road	Passing lanes and channelization	\$23,935,000	
99	Airport Way	Widen from 4 to 6 lanes. Lathmp Roadto Rolh Road.	\$9,293,000	52,137,390
100	Escalon-Belota Road	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes. Mariposa Roadto Escalon City limit	\$4,009,000	\$1,519.41 1
	Airportway	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes, Yosemite to SR-120	\$1.153.000	\$937.389
	Airportway	Widen from 4 to 6 lanes. SR120-Lathrop Road (Manteca)	\$4,900,000	\$4,209,100
	Lathrop Rd.	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes from east of UPRR to SR-99	\$6,855,000	
	Golden Valley Parkway	Parallel facility along north/west side of 1-5 from Lathmp Road to Paradise	\$59,290,000	\$40,910,100
	Lalhrop Rd.	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes, I-5 to east UPRR	\$2,560,000	
	Corral Hollow Road	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes, Grantline Road to Linne Road	\$20,000,000	
_	Lammers Road	Widen fmm 2 to 4 Lanes, I-205 to I-580	\$40,000.000	** *** ***
	Linne Road	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes, Coπal Hollow Road to Chrisman Road	\$4,289,000	\$2,835,029
	McHenry @ Ulfrey Intersection	IntersectionImprovement	\$800,000	\$499.200
	Campbell Avenue	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes, From SR 120 north to Miller Road and east from Miller Road to Escalon-Belota Road	\$2,500,000	\$1,257,500
	Campbell Avenue	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes. From Miller Road to Santa Fe Avenue.	\$2,500,000	
	Brennan Road	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes. SR 120south to Jones Road and east from Jones Road to McHenry Avenue	\$2,500,000	) -
_	Miller Road	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes. Escalon-Bellota Avenue to Campbell Avenue	\$1,123,005	
	South Arterial #1	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes. Brennan Avenue lo Harrold Avenue	\$5,054,790 \$2,000,445	
115	Jones Road	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes, Brennan Road to Harrold Avenue	\$2,000,115	
	River Road Plus Extension	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes From McHenry Avenue Io SR 120. Includes Parallel Facility to SR 99 North to SR 120	\$25,000,000	
116		with extension of Olive Road south to SJC line. May include roundabout (River Road @ McHenry).	\$50,000,000	-
	West Ripon Road (1)	Widen existing road from 2 to 4 lanes and extend Ripon Road West to 1-5		\$321,884,219
Total	Regional Roadway Improvements		\$1,138,879,910	\$321,8

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Table 5
RTIF Capital Projects
San Joaquin RTIF Nexus Study; EPS #15040

ID# Project	Project <b>Description</b>	RTIF Master Project Costs (2)	Nexus <b>Project</b> Costs (3)
Public Transit  118 Bus Rapid Transit (BRT)  119 Regional Busses  120 Altamont Commuter Express (ACE)  Total Public Transit	Regional/Inter-Regional BRT system Purchase of buses for service expansion (Intercity/Interregional) Acquisition of ACE Corridor between Lathmp and Niles Junction	\$100,412,410 \$10,000,000 545,000,000 \$155,412.41 0	+ -,,
TOTAL ALL PROJECTS		\$5,438,212,320	\$560,818,424

<sup>(1)</sup> Project delivery is contingent on the results of a feasibility study and pending analysis of the region's expressway needs.

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<sup>(2)</sup> Represent all projects in the RTIF network. All projects are selected based on inclusion Criteria.

<sup>(3)</sup> Represents RTIF projects/costs used to establish nexus.

#### IV. RTIF MODEL AND FEE CALCULATION

This chapter describes the modeling techniques used to identify eligible transportation projects and calculate the fee for the **RTIF** program. The fee is based on the RTIF capital project list costs attributable to new growth within the San Joaquin Region divided by projected development by land use category in the region.

#### TRANSPORTATION MODEL

This Technical Report relies on the SJCOGtravel demand model, a regional model used to conduct long-range planning and assess transportation impacts of major development projects in the County. The model has recently been updated, and was used in preparing the 2030 RTP. Therefore, the model is the best tool available for conducting a project such as the RTIF Report. The SJCOG model contains land use estimates for the year 2005, and projections for the year 2030. Both the 2005 and 2030 models were used in the RTIF Report.

#### **EXISTING DEFICIENCIES**

As noted in Chapter 111, the RTIF program excludes the proportion of a project cost that are attributable in whole or in part to correct "existing deficiencies" or pre-existing problems in the regional transportation system. Consequently, the transportation model was used to identify existing deficiencies in the RTIF Network. Specifically, the 2005 model was applied, and the Level of Service (LOS) of each facility in the network was assessed. Traffic volume thresholds for LOS calculation purposes were provided by SJCOG staff. These thresholds were based on the standard highway capacity tables prepared by the Florida Department of Transportation, and have been used in the preparation of the 2030 SJCOGRTP and other regional planning documents.

The operational standard for roads in the San Joaquin Region is LOS D. Therefore, all facilities that were estimated to operate at LOS E or F during the AM peak hour in the 2005 model were designated as having existing deficiencies. Any improvements designed to correct the deficiencies in the RTIF Network have been adjusted to exclude the portion that is attributable to existing deficiencies.

Because of limitations in the analytical methods available, no existing deficiency analysis was conducted for interchange; rather, it was assumed that these improvements were to be supported entirely by new development.

#### TRAFFIC CONTRIBUTION

The total amount of traffic on each facility is broken down into two components: the traffic coming from or going to areas inside the San Joaquin Region (called "Internal Trips") and the traffic coming from or going to areas outside the Region (called

"External Trips"). These External Trips are not the responsibility of the new development within San Joaquin Region, and thus need to be excluded from the fee calculation. This analysis was done on the basis of trip ends; therefore, **the** so-called I-X and X-I trips (trips that have one end in the region and one end outside the region) were considered to be one-half attributable to Internal Trips, and one-half attributable to External Trips.

The difference in total traffic volume on each project between 2005 and 2030 was calculated, and became **the** denominator of the traffic contribution ratio. The difference in volume associated with each of the categories described above was also calculated, and these became the numerators of the calculation. For example, if total traffic on a particular facility increased by 1,000 vehicles between 2005 and 2030, and if the traffic attributable to the San Joaquin Region area increased by 200 vehicles, then the percent contribution to that facility within the region would be 200/1,000 or 20 percent. The remaining 80 percent of the growth in traffic would be similarly calculated from the External Trips.

The trip distribution between inside and outside of the San Joaquin Region for all the RTIF projects is shown in Table 6. The values in Internal and External Trips should sum to 1.0, or 100 percent, for each RTIF project. With the External Trips screened out, Table 7 also shows the net RTIF project costs by multiplying the Internal Trips factors by the total project costs.

#### PUBLIC TRANSIT CONTRIBUTION

The total share of the public transit costs is determined by new development within the San Joaquin Region. Specifically, the total public transit share is calculated by multiplying the incremental DUE growth as a percent of the total DUE in 2030. Between 2005 and 2030, the DUE in the San Joaquin Region is estimated to increase by 163,319, as illustrated in Table 4. The new growth would contribute approximately 30 percent of the total DUE in 2030. As shown in Table 6, \$8.7 million of the public transit costs is supported by the **RTIF** program.

#### MAXIMUM FEE CALCULATION

The maximum fee calculation is based on the net RTIF capital project costs attributable to the Internal Trips throughout the region divided by the projected number of new housing units, retail and commercial/industrial square feet developed in the County through year 2030. Specifically, the net RTIF capital project cost is divided by the total DUE growth, as calculated in Table 4, to obtain total cost per DUE for the San Joaquin Region as a whole.

Draft Technical Report San Joaquin Regional Transportation Impact Fee October 24, 2005

A summary of the RTIF per DUE by project and for the San Joaquin Region as a whole is provided in Table 7. The actual fees by land use category are derived based on the DUE factors shown in Table 3 (total fee per DUE multiplied by the DUE factor by land use category).

Table 6
RTIF Trip Distribution and Net Project Costs
San Joaquin RTIF Nexus Study; EPS#15040

		Trip DIstribution						
ID#	Project		ExternalTrips	<b>Project Costs</b>				
	ine Highway Projections	40.20/	E1 70/					
1	SR-99	48.3%	51.7%					
2	SR-99	31.3%	68.7%					
3	1-5	54.1%	45.9%					
4	1-5	59.9%	40.1%					
5	1-5	61.3%	38.7%					
6	1-205	46.4%	53.6%	\$7,708,140				
7	SR-4 Extension	43.5%	56.5%	\$7,700,140				
8	SR-99 Widening	54.1%	45.9%					
9	SR-99	57.8%	42.2%					
10	SR-99	48.3%	51.7%					
11	SR-99 Widening	42.6%	57.4%					
12	1-5	47.2%	52.8%	,=				
13	SR-99 Widening	54.8%	45.2%					
14	SR-4 Crosstown Widening	60.0%	40.0%					
15	SR-26 Widening	60.7%	39.3%					
16	SR-4 Widening	48.6%	51.4%					
17	SR 99 @ Crosstown Freeway	62.5%	37.5%					
18	I-5/SR 4 @ Crosstown Freeway	65.5%	34.5%	<b>***</b>				
19	I-5/SR-120	33.2%	66.8%	\$2,204,480				
20	SR-120	29.1%	70.9%	*				
21	SR-12	78.7%	21.3%	\$24,774,760				
22	SR-99	41.3%	58.7%					
23	SR-99	48.0%	52.0%					
24	1-5	45.2%	54.8%	-				
25	1-5 Widening	58.1%	41.9%					
26	SR-12 @ 1-5	46.1%	53.9%					
27	SR-99@ SR-88	65.8%	34.2%	-				
28	SR-99@ SR-26	69.1%	30.9%	-				
29	SR-26	57.0%	43.0%	-				
30	SR-120 West of Escalon	30.6%	69.4%					
31	SR-120 East of Escalon	26.7%	73.3%					
32	SR-88	45.5%	54.5%	•				
Interd	change Modifications, Reconstructions	and Improvement	ts					
33	1-5@ Lathrop Road	70.5%	29.5%	\$2,788,980				
34	1-205@ Paradise/Chrisman	62.3%	37.7%	\$12,958,400				
35	SR-99 @ SR-12 (Kettleman Lane)	86.0%	14.0%	\$3,956,000				
36	SR-99 @ Harney Lane	86.9%	13.1%	. , ,				
37	SR-99 @ North Main	82.5%	17.5%					
38	SR-99 @ Austin Road	67.7%	32.3%	\$4,671,300				
39	SR-120 @ McKinley	77.5%	22.5%	\$5,026,650				
40	SR-99 @ Olive Rd.	40.2%	59.8%	\$6,335,520				
41	SR-99 @ Eight Mile Road	64.2%	35.8%	\$5,333,479				
42	SR-99 @ March Lane/Wilson	73.0%	27.0%	\$16,790,000				
43	1-5 @ Arch Sperry/French Camp	56.8%	43.2%	\$4,572,400				
44	SR-99@ French Camp Road	48.7%	51.3%	÷ ·,•· =, ·••				
45	SR-99 @ Arch Sperry Road	57.5%	42.5%					
	on oo w Alon open y Noau	31.370	72.070					

Table 6 RTIF Trip Distribution and Net Project Costs San Joaquin RTIF Nexus Study; EPS#15040

		Trip Distribution		
ID#	Project		External Trips	Net Nexus Project Costs
46	SR-99@ Armstrong Road	89.2%	10.8%	_
47	1-5@ New Road A (N. Gateway)	97.6%	2.4%	
48	SR-99@ New Road A (N. Gateway)	71.5%	28.5%	
49	SR-99@ Marada Lane	65.4%	34.6%	\$654,000
50	1-5@ Eight Mile Road	67.2%	32.8%	\$2,627,520
51	1-5 @ Otto Drive	65.9%	34.1%	\$6,365,940
52	15 @ Hammer Lane	91.1%	8.9%	\$9,847,910
53	SR-99 @ Mariposa Road	59.3%	40.7%	\$5,455,600
54	SR-99 @ New Road	60.8%	39.2%	ψ3,433,000
55	1-5@ Matthews Road	72.5%	27.5%	
56	1-5 @ Roth Road	70.2%	29.8%	
57	SR-132 @ 1-5 and Bird Road	44.7%	55.3%	
58	I-580 @ Lammers Road			
59		50.5%	49.5%	
	I-580 @ Coral Hollow Road	36.5%	63.5%	Ф <del>7</del> 400 050
60	1-205 @ Lammers Road	58.5%	41.5%	\$7,400,250
61	1-205@ Grantline Road	70.8%	29.2%	\$4,885,200
	onal Roadway Improvements			
62	Lower Sacramento Road	83.2%	16.8%	\$4.160,000
63	Lower Sacramento Road	93.8%	6.2%	
64	Eight Mile Rd.	69.5%	30.5%	\$7,992,500
65	Pacific Avenue	95.2%	4.8%	\$6,568,800
66	March Lane	93.2%	6.8%	\$7,606,984
67	March Lane	85.0%	15.0%	\$4,250,000
68	West Lane	96.1%	3.9%	\$9,398,580
69	West Lane	98.8%	1.2%	\$43,145,565
70	West Lane	94.9%	5.1%	<b>\$</b> 31,687,11 <b>0</b>
71	West Lane/Airport Way	93.4%	6.6%	\$52,229,280
72	Airport Way	85.0%	15.0%	\$10,569,750
73	Airport Way	79.3%	20.7%	\$12,656,280
74	New Road A	67.9%	32.1%	
75	Thomton Road	77.8%	22.2%	\$3,578,800
76	Aksland Avenue	87.0%	13.0%	\$2,610,000
77	Ryde Avenue Bridge	96.4%	3.6%	, , ,
78	Mariposa Road	57.3%	42.7%	
79	Austin Road	53.7%	46.3%	
80	Austin Road	68.6%	31.4%	
81	Austin Road	62.4%	37.6%	
82	Austin Road	65.0%	35.0%	
83	Arch-Spew Rd.	61.4%	38.6%	\$9,179,300
84	Arch-Spew Rd.	63.3%	36.7%	\$14,302,635
85	Arch-Sperry Rd.	64.0%	36.0%	\$3,641,600
86	French Camp Road	45.7%	54.3%	ψο,ο-1,000
87	Harney Ln.	89.9%	10.1%	\$2,532,933
88	Jack Tone Rd.	55.3%	44.7%	\$3,434,130
89	Liberty Road	17.5%	82.5%	ψυ, <del>4</del> υ4,1υ0
90	Peltier Road	39.2%	60.8%	
91	Peltier Road	38.8%	61.2%	
	1 oldot Rodu		U1.Z/0	

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Table 6
RTIF Trip Distribution and Net Project Costs
San Joaquin RTIF Nexus Study; EPS#15040

		Trip Distribution		Net Nexus
ID#	Project		External Trips	Project Costs
92	Elliott Road	52.2%	47.8%	
93	Yosemite Ave	29.3%	70.7%	
94	Mariposa Road	53.4%	46.6%	
95	Mariposa Road	49.6%	50.4%	
96	French Camp Road	52.1%	47.9%	
97	Tracy Boulevard	47.0%	53.0%	
98	Howard Road	55.5%	44.5%	
99	Airport Way	80.6%	19.4%	\$1,722,736
100	Escalon-Belota Road	37.1%	62.9%	\$563,701
101	Airport Way	81.5%	18.5%	\$763,972
102	Airport Way	85.1%	14.9%	\$3,581,944
103	Lathrop Rd.	66.0%	34.0%	
104	Golden Valley Parkway	68.7%	31.3%	\$28,105,239
105	Lathrop Rd.	69.0%	31.0%	
106	Corral Hollow Road	74.1%	25.9%	
107	Lammers Road	59.3%	40.7%	
108	Linne Road	67.5%	32.5%	\$1,913,645
109	McHenry @ Ullrey Intersection	62.7%	37.3%	\$312.998
110	Campbell Avenue	51.7%	48.3%	\$650.128
111	Campbell Avenue	59.2%	40.8%	
112	Brennan Road	37.6%	62.4%	
113	Miller Road	50.1%	49.9%	
114	South Arterial #1	52.4%	47.6%	
115	Jones Road	52.4%	47.6%	
116	River Road Plus Extension	14.9%	65.1%	
117	West Ripon Road (1)	68.2%	31.8%	
Public Transit (2)				
	Bus Rapid Transit (BRT)	nla	n/a	\$5,993,758
119		n/a	nla	\$631,506
120	Altamont Commuter Express (ACE)	n/a	nla	\$2,089,985
Total				\$410,230,388

<sup>(1)</sup> Project delivery is contingent on the results of a feasibility study and pending analysis of the region's expressway needs.

<sup>(2)</sup> All public transit costs based on the incremental DUE growth as 30% of the total DUE in 2030.

Table 7
RTIF Fee Calculation
San Joaquin RTIF Nexus Study; EPS#15040

ID#	Project	Cost Per DUE (1)
Mainll	ne Highway Projections	
1	SR-99	
2	SR-99	
3	1-5	
4	1-5	
5	1-5	
6	1-205	•
7	SR-4 Extension	\$47.20
8	SR-99 Widening	
9	SR-99	
10	SR-99	
11	SR-99 Widening	
12	1-5	
13	SR-99 Widening	
14	SR-4 Crosstown Widening	
15	SR-26 Widening	
16	SR-4 Widening	
17	SR 99 @ Crosstown Freeway	
18	I-5/SR 4 @ Crosstown Freeway	
19	I-5/SR-120	\$13.50
20	SR-120	
21	SR-12	5151.70
22	SR-99	
23	SR-99	
24	15	
25	1-5 Widening	
26	SR-12@ 1-5	
27	SR-99@ SR-88	
26	SR-99@ SR-26	
29	SR-26	
30	SR-120 West of Escalon	-
31	SR-120 East of Escalon	
32	SR-88	
Interd	hange Modifications, Reconstructions, and Impro	vements
33	15 @ Lathrop Road	517.08
34	1-205 @ Paradise/Chrisman	\$79.34
35	SR-99 @ SR-12 (Kettleman Lane)	\$24.22
36	SR-99@ Harney Lane	
37	SR-99 @ North Main	
38	SR-99 @Austin Road	\$28.60
39	SR-120 @ McKinley	\$30.78
40	SR-99 @ Olive Rd.	538.79
41	SR-99 @ Eight Mile Road	532.66
42	SR-99@ March Lane/Wilson	\$102.81
43	1-5 @ Arch Sperry/French Camp	\$28.00
		Ψ20.00
44 45	SR-99 @ French Camp Road	
	SR-99 @ Arrestrong Road	
<u>46</u>	SR-99 @ Armstrong Road	

Table 7
RTIF Fee Calculation
San Joaquin RTIF Nexus Study; EPS#15040

ID#	Project	Cost Per DUE
47	1-5 @ New Road A (N. Gateway)	
48	SR-99 @ New Road A (N. Gateway)	
49	SR-99 @ Marada Lane	\$4.00
50	15 @ Eight Mile Road	\$16.09
51	15 @ Otto Drive	\$38.98
52	15@ Hammer Lane	\$60.30
53	SR-99 @ Mariposa Road	\$33.40
54	SR-99 @ New Road	
55	1-5 @ Matthews Road	
56	1-5 @ Roth Road	
57	SR-132@ 1-5 and Bird Road	
58	I-580 @ Lammers Road	
59 60	I-580 @ Coral Hollow Road	\$45.31
61	1-205 @ Lammers Road 1-205 @ Grantline Road	\$29.91
01	1-200 @ Grantime Road	Ψ29.91
Regio 62	onal Roadway Improvements Lower Sacramento Road	\$25.47
63	Lower Sacramento Road	
64	Eight Mile Rd.	\$48.94
65	Pacific Avenue	\$40.22
66	MarchLane	\$46.58
67	MarchLane	\$28.02
68	West Lane	\$57.55
69	West Lane	\$264.18
70	West Lane	\$194.02
71	West Lane/Airport Way	\$319.80
72 72	Airport Way	\$64.72 \$77.40
73	Airport Way	\$77.49
74 75	New Road A Thornton Road	\$21.91
75 76	Aksland Avenue	\$15.98
		φ15.96
77 70	Ryde Avenue Bridge	
78 70	Mariposa Road	
79	Austin Road	
80 81	Austin Road Austin Road	
82	Austin Road	
83	Arch-Sperry Rd.	\$56.20
84	Arch-Sperry Rd.	\$87.57
85	Arch-Sperry Rd.	\$22.30
86	French Camp Road	<del>+==.00</del>
87	Harney Ln.	\$15.51
88	Jack Tone Rd.	\$21.03
89	Liberty Road	•
90	Peltier Road	
91	Peltier Road	
92	Elliott Road	
93	Yosernite Ave	

Table 7
RTIF Fee Calculation
San Joaquin RTIF Nexus Study; EPS #15040

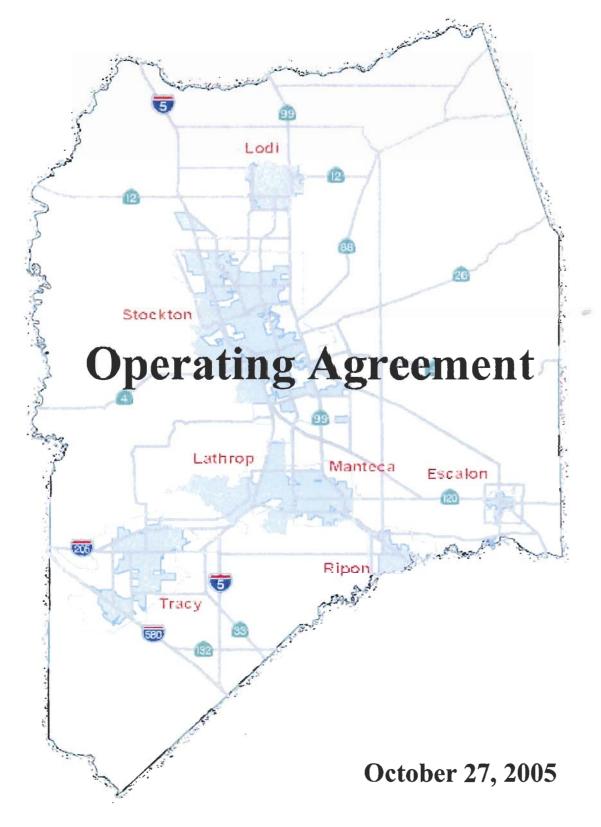
ID#	Project	Cost Per DUE (1)
94	Mariposa Road	
95	Mariposa Road	
96	French Camp Road	
97	Tracy Boulevard	
98	Howard Road	<b></b>
99	Airportway	\$10.55
100		\$3.45
101	Airportway	\$4.68
	Airportway	\$21.93
	Lathrop Rd.	¢470.00
104		\$172.09
	Lathrop Rd.	
	Corral Hollow Road	
	Lammers Road	\$11.72
	Linne Road	\$11.72 \$1.92
109	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	\$3.98
110	Campbell Avenue	ψ3.30
111	·	
	Brennan Road	-
	Miller Road South Arterial #1	-
	Jones Road	
	River Road Plus Extension	
	West Ripon Road (2)	
117	West Nipon Road (2)	
Public	c Transit	
	Bus Rapid Transit (BRT)	\$36.70
119	·	\$3.87
120	Altamont Commuter Express (ACE)	\$12.80
	, , , , , ,	<b>\$0.544.04</b>
Total		\$2,511.84

<sup>(1)</sup> Net RTIF project cost divided by total DUE of 163,319

<sup>(2)</sup> Project delivery is contingent on the results of a feasibility study and pending analysis of the region's expressway needs.



## REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION IMPACT FEE



### SAN JOAQUIN COUNTY REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION IMPACT FEE PROGRAM OPERATING AGREEMENT

THIS REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION IMPACT FEE PROGRAM OPERATING AGREEMENT ("Agreement") dated as of the Effective Date is made by and between the San Joaquin Council of Governments ("SJCOG"), and the following eight public agencies located within San Joaquin County (collectively the "Participating Agencies"), including, the County of San Joaquin ("County"), the City of Escalon ("Escalon"), the City of Manteca ("Manteca"), the City of Lathrop ("Lathrop"), the City of Lodi ("Lodi") the City of Ripon ("Ripon") the City of Stockton ("Stockton"), and the City of Tracy ("Tracy") (the identified cities are hereinafter collectively the "Cities").

#### RECITALS

WHEREAS, SJCOG has the responsibility as the region's designated Metropolitan Planning Organization and through its powers as specified in its joint powers agreement to maintain and improve the Regional Transportation Network, and

WHEREAS, the Participating Agencies and SJCOG find that future development within the County of San Joaquin will result in traffic volumes in excess of capacity on a regional system of highways, interchanges, and local roadways; and,

WHEREAS, the Participating Agencies and SJCOG find that failure to expand the capacity of the existing circulation system will cause unacceptable levels of congestion on the Regional Transportation Network; and,

WHEREAS, the Participating Agencies and SJCOG find that existing and future sources of revenue are inadequate to fund substantial portions of the Regional Transportation Network improvements needed to avoid unacceptable levels of congestion and related adverse impacts; and,

WHEREAS, SJCOG, following extensive analysis and consultations with the Participating Agencies and other stakeholders, has prepared a Regional Transportation Impact Program Fee Technical Report ("RTIF Technical Report") that establishes a nexus between new development and its impacts (increased travel demand, reductions in service levels, and the need for capital improvements) upon the Regional Transportation Network; and,

WHEREAS, the Participating Agencies and SJCOG find and declare that the RTIF Technical Report has determined the extent to which new development of land will generate traffic volumes impacting the Regional Transportation Network and have determined that the Regional Transportation Impact Fee Program ("RTIF Program") establishes a fair and equitable method to fund costs of transportation improvements necessary to accommodate the traffic volumes generated by future development of land within each City and the County; and,

WHEREAS, the Participating Agencies and SJCOG find and declare that the RTIF Program is necessary to help mitigate the impact of new development on the Regional Transportation Network and along with other transportation funding mechanisms, in providing for the construction of improvements to accommodate traffic generated by land development; and,

WHEREAS, the Participating Agencies and SJCOG have determined that it is in their best interest to join together to administer the funds provided by the RTIF Program and to authorize SJCOG to manage the RTIF Program for the San Joaquin County region; and,

WHEREAS, the Participating Agencies and SJCOG find and declare that in order to serve the purposes described herein, additional funding, other than that received from the RTIF Program is necessary and must be obtained and each party agrees to cooperate in obtaining additional funding; and,

WHEREAS, the Participating Agencies and SJCOG find and declare SJCOG prepared, adopted and certified in July 2004 a Final Program Environmental Impact Report ("EIR") for the 2004 Regional Transportation Plan, State Clearing House number 2003082053, and the RTIF Program is hereby adopted in reliance on and consistent with this previously prepared, approved and certified EIR.

WHEREAS, the Participating Agencies have adopted or will adopt a Regional Transportation Impact Program Fee ("RTIF Program Fee" or "RTIF Fee") pursuant to their authority to protect the public health, safety, and welfare consistent with the provisions of California Government Code Section 66000 et seq.; and,

WHEREAS, the integrity and success of the RTIF Program is dependent upon all Participating Agencies and SJCOG working cooperatively with each other in order to fulfill their obligations faithfully and promptly; and,

WHEREAS, funds collected pursuant to the Participating Agencies' ordinances and/or resolutions adopting the RTIF Program are to be held and expended by the Participating Agencies and SJCOG as specified herein.

# **AGREEMENT**

Now, therefore, in consideration of the mutual promises and undertakings herein made and the mutual benefits to be derived therefrom, the parties hereto represent, covenant and agree as follows:

# **SECTION 1. PURPOSE**

1.1. The RTIF Program requires management procedures that assure that the objective of the RTIF Program is achieved. Specifically, the RTIF Program objective is to obtain funding from development projects that have an impact upon the Regional Transportation Network and to integrate these funds with federal, State, and other local funding to fund transportation improvements identified in the RTIF Program. While the RTIF Program and the RTIF Program

Fee will be imposed and collected by the Participating Agencies, the RTIF Program will be managed for the benefit of the entire County region.

1.2. This Agreement defines the terms of the required management procedures for Participating Agencies and SJCOG including specifications regarding levy and collection, administration, project selection, fund management, appropriation of fee funds, and ongoing technical review and updating.

# **SECTION 2. DEFINITIONS**

- 2.1. "Development Project" or "Project" means any project undertaken for the purpose of development including the issuance of a permit for construction or reconstruction, but not a permit to operate.
- 2.2. "Industrial Project" means any Development Project that proposes manufacturing, transportation, logistics or warehousing as identified in the RTIF Land Use Fee Category Summary which is attached as Exhibit "A" hereto and incorporated herein by reference.
- 2.3. "Measure K" means the San Joaquin County Transportation Authority Local Transportation Improvement Plan: Air Quality, Mandatory Developer Fees and Growth Management Ordinance which establishes and implements a retail transactions and use tax, as may be extended from time to time.
- 2.4. "Multi-Family Residential Unit" means a Development Project that uses a single parcel for two or more dwelling units within one or more buildings, including duplexes, townhouses, condominiums, and apartments as identified in the RTIF Land Use Fee Category Summary which is attached as Exhibit "A" hereto and incorporated herein by reference.
- 2.5. "Office Project" means any Development Project that involves business activities associated with professional or administrative services, and typically consists of corporate offices, financial institutions, legal and medical offices, personal and laundry services, or similar uses, and religious centers as identified in the RTIF Land Use Fee Category Summary which is attached as Exhibit "A" hereto and incorporated herein by reference.
- 2.6. "Participating Agencies" means the County of San Joaquin and each of the cities situated in San Joaquin County if such agencies have (1) adopted the RTIF Program Fee by ordinance and/or resolution and (2) entered into this Agreement.
- 2.7. "Regional Transportation Impact Fee Program" or "RTIF Program" is the regional program established by this Agreement by the Participating Agencies and SJCOG to impose, collect and distribute a RTIF Fee to assist in the funding of transportation improvements to the Regional Transportation Network.
- 2.8. "Regional Transportation Impact Program Fee" or "RTIF Program Fee" or "RTIF Fee" means the fee established by each Participating Agency consistent with this Agreement to implement the RTIF Program.

- 2.9. "Regional Transportation Network" means the regional network of highways and arterials as identified in the RTIF Technical Report and which may be amended from time to time by SJCOG.
- 2.10. "RTIF Capital Projects" or "Capital Projects" or "RTIF Project List" is the RTIF Program improvements and projects as identified in the RTIF Technical Report and which may be amended from time to time by SJCOG's adoption and amendment of a "RTIF Capital Projects Report."
- 2.11. "RTIF Capital Projects Report" means the report adopted by SJCOG annually which identifies the RTIF Capital Projects as amended from time to time consistent with Section 9 of this Agreement.
- 2.12. "RTIF Technical Report" means the San Joaquin County Regional Transportation Impact Fee RTIF Technical Report dated XXXXX, and prepared pursuant to California Government Code, Section 66000 et seq., the Mitigation Fee Act.
- 2.13. "Residential Dwelling Unit" means a building or portion thereof which is designed primarily for residential occupancy by one family including single-family and multi-family dwellings. "Residential Dwelling Unit" shall not include hotels or motels.
- 2.14. "Retail Project" means any Development Project that retailing merchandise, generally without transformation, and rendering services incidental to the sale of merchandise at a fixed point of sale as identified in the RTIF Land Use Fee Category Summary which is attached as Exhibit "A" hereto and incorporated herein by reference.
- 2.15. "Single-Family Residential Unit" means the use of a parcel for only one residential dwelling unit as identified in the RTIF Land Use Fee Category Summary which is attached as Exhibit "A" hereto and incorporated herein by reference.

# **SECTION 3. FEE RATE**

3.1. <u>Establishing RTIF Program Fee</u>. Within ninety (90) days of entering into this Agreement, each Participating Agency shall adopt a RTIF Program Fee in an amount equal to the following fees for each identified land use category consistent with the fee schedule adopted by the SJCOG on October 27, 2005.

RESIDENTIAL		NON – RESIDENTIAL			
Single Family	Multi-Family	Retail	Office	Industrial	
\$2,500.00	\$1,500.00	\$1.00	\$1.25	\$0.75	
DUE	DUE	Square Foot	Square Foot	Square Foot	

3.2. <u>Annual Adjustment</u>. The RTIF Program Fee described in section 3.1 above shall be automatically adjusted by each Participating Agency on an annual basis at the beginning of each fiscal year (July 1) based on the Engineering News Record California Construction Cost Index.

#### SECTION 4. COLLECTION OF RTIF PROGRAM FEES

- 4.1. <u>Payment of RTIF Program Fees</u>. Payment of the RTIF Program Fees shall be as follows:
  - (a). The RTIF Program Fees shall be paid at the time of issuance of a building permit for the Development Project, or as otherwise required or permitted pursuant to Government Code section 66007.
  - (b). The amount of the RTIF Program Fees shall be the fee amounts in effect at the time of payment.
    - (c). RTIF Program Fees shall not be waived.
- 4.2. Payment by all Development Projects. Except as otherwise expressly provided by this Agreement, the RTIF Program Fee imposed by all Participating Agencies shall be payable by (1) all Development Projects within the jurisdiction of the Participating Agency for which building permits or other entitlements for Development Projects are issued on or after the effective date of the adoption of the RTIF Program Fee by the Participating Agency, and (2) all Development Projects within the Participating Agency for which building permits or other entitlements for Development Projects were issued prior to the effective date of the adoption of the RTIF Program Fee by the Participating Agency and which permits or entitlements were issued subject to a condition requiring the developer to pay a RTIF Program Fee to be imposed upon such Development Project within the jurisdiction of the Participating Agency.
- 4.3. <u>Exemptions from the RTIF Program Fee</u>. The following Development Projects shall not be subject to the RTIF Program Fee:
  - (a). The rehabilitation and/or reconstruction of any legal, residential structure and/or the replacement of a previously existing legal dwelling unit, including an expansion of an existing dwelling unit that does not create an additional dwelling unit.
  - (b). The rehabilitation and/or reconstruction of any non-residential structure where there is no net increase in square footage. Any increase in square footage shall pay the established applicable fee rate for that portion of square footage that is new.
  - (c). Development Projects for which an application for a vesting tentative map authorized by Government Code Section 66498.1 was deemed complete on or prior to the effective date of the adoption of the RTIF Program Fee by the Participating Agency.
  - (d). Development Projects which are the subject of a development agreement entered into pursuant to Government Code section 65864 et seq. prior to the effective date of the adoption of the RTIF Program Fee by the Participating Agency, wherein the imposition of new fees are expressly prohibited by the development agreement, provided, however, that if the term of such a development agreement is extended after the effective date of the adoption of the RTIF Program Fee, the RTIF Program Fee shall be imposed.
- 4.4. <u>Future Development Agreements</u>. All future development agreements entered into by the Participating Agencies shall require the full payment of the RTIF Program Fee.

- 4.5. <u>Payments for non-residential projects</u>. For non-residential projects the amount of the fee imposed on the entire Development Project shall be determined based upon (1) the gross floor area and (2) the predominant use of the building or structure as identified in the building permit.
- 4.6. <u>Payment for mixed use projects</u>. For mixed land use projects, which are projects that have both residential and non-residential uses, the amount of the fee imposed on the entire Development Project shall be proportionally determined based on the following:
  - (a) The fee associated with the type of residence; and,
  - (b) The predominant use of the non-residential portion of the project.
- 4.7. <u>Previously Paid RTIF Program Fees</u>. In the event that RTIF Program Fees have previously been paid for an existing building which is a new Development Project with a new or different RTIF Fee category, the previously paid RTIF Program Fees for that existing building shall be credited against the amount of the RTIF Program Fee attributable to the new Development Project, up to the amount of the previously paid RTIF Program Fee. A rebate will not be granted if the change in land use represents a lower fee.

# SECTION 5. DISTRIBUTION OF RTIF PROGRAM FEES

- 5.1. <u>Purpose of RTIF Program Fees</u>. Except as otherwise provided in this Agreement, all RTIF Program Fees received by each Participating Agency or SJCOG shall be used solely for the purpose of funding Regional Transportation Network projects as specified in the RTIF Technical Report and which are included within the RTIF Capital Projects Report. Each Participating Agency and SJCOG may spend RTIF Program Fees held by that entity on RTIF Capital Projects at the discretion of that entity.
- 5.2. <u>Distribution of Fee Revenue</u>. All fees collected by each Participating Agency pursuant to the RTIF Program Fee shall be distributed as follows:
  - (a). Ten (10) percent of the amounts collected by the Cities shall be paid directly to the County on a quarterly basis for the purpose of funding RTIF Capital Projects within the County of San Joaquin.
  - (b). Ten (10) percent of the amounts collected by each Participating Agency shall be paid directly to SJCOG on a quarterly basis for the purposes of funding state highway improvements on the RTIF Project List.
  - (c). Five (5) percent of the amounts collected by each Participating Agency shall be paid directly to SJCOG on a quarterly basis for the purposes of funding transit improvements on the RTIF Project List.
  - (d). Seventy Five (75) percent of the amounts collected by each city shall be retained by each city collecting such funds for the purposes of funding RTIF Capital Projects, and Eighty Five (85) percent of the amounts collected by the County shall be retained by the County for the purposes of funding RTIF Capital Projects. In the event a

Participating Agency determines it does not want to retain or manage this portion of the RTIF Program Fees, the Participating Agency may provide this portion of the RTIF Program Fees to SJCOG for administration to assist with the construction of Capital Projects on behalf of the Participating Agency.

# SECTION 6. ADMINISTRATIVE COSTS

- 6.1. Participating Agency Administrative Costs. The amount of RTIF Program Fee funds that are permitted to be used by each Participating Agency to cover ongoing administrative costs of implementing the RTIF Program shall be limited to up to two (2) percent of the first one million dollars (\$1,000,000) retained each year by each City pursuant to subdivision (d) of section 5.2 of this agreement or received each year by the County pursuant to subdivisions (a) and (d) of section 5.2 of this Agreement. In addition, each Participating Agency may use up to one (1) percent of the amounts retained or received each year in excess of the initial one million dollars (\$1,000,000).
- 6.2. SJCOG Administrative Costs. The amount of RTIF Program Fee funds permitted to be used by SJCOG to cover ongoing administrative costs of implementing the RTIF Program shall be limited to up to two percent (2%) of the first one million dollars (\$1,000,000) received each year by SJCOG pursuant to subdivision (b) and (c) of section 5.2 of this agreement and up to one percent (1%) of the amounts received each year in excess of the initial one million dollars (\$1,000,000).
- 6.3. <u>Initial Third Party Costs</u>. Each Participating Agency and SJCOG shall be responsible for paying third party costs incurred by SJCOG to establish the RTIF Program, including, but not limited to, the preparation of the RTIF Technical Report, the Capital Projects Report, and the RTIF Program documents. The amount of third party costs each Participating Agency and SJCOG shall pay is to be based on the percentage of the total County-wide RTIF Program Fees retained by each Participating Agency and SJCOG pursuant to section 5.2 of this Agreement. The amount payable to SJCOG by each Participating Agency and SJCOG shall be calculated by SJCOG based on actual RTIF Program Fees collected by each Participating Agency and SJCOG six (6) months from the Effective Date of this Agreement. The payments to SJCOG pursuant to this section 6.3 shall be made within one (1) year of the Effective Date of this Agreement. Payments for the initial third party costs shall not be considered administrative costs and shall not be subject to the limitations provided in sections 6.1 and 6.2 of this Agreement.
- 6.4. On-going Third Party Costs. On-going third party costs approved by the SJCOG Board of Directors to regionally implement the RTIF Program will be paid to SJCOG by each Participating Agency and SJCOG on a semiannual basis. The amount of on-going third party costs each Participating Agency and SJCOG shall pay is based on percentage of the total County-wide RTIF Program Fees retained by each Participating Agency and SJCOG pursuant to section 5.2 of this Agreement. These payments for the on-going third party costs shall not be considered administrative costs and shall not be subject to the limitations provided in sections 6.1 and 6.2 of this Agreement.

6.5. <u>Legal Challenges</u>. In the event that any Participating Agency and/or SJCOG is subject to a legal challenge of the RTIF Program then all Participating Agencies and SJCOG will be responsible for the costs associated with such legal challenge. At the time of such legal challenge the Participating Agencies and SJCOG will coordinate the defense of such legal challenge and the costs incurred for such legal challenge will be the responsibility of the Participating Agencies and SJCOG based on percentage of the total County-wide RTIF Program Fees retained by each Participating Agency and SJCOG pursuant to section 5.2 of this Agreement. For the purposes of this section 6.5, a legal challenge of the RTIF Program is limited to a challenge to either (a) the legal ability to adopt or impose the RTIF Program; or (b) the validity of the RTIF Technical Report. This section 6.5. will not apply to any legal challenge due to the manner of implementation of the RTIF Program that is either unique to a Participating Agency or that is not consistent with the provisions of this Agreement.

# SECTION 7. ADMINISTRATION OF THE RTIF PROGRAM

- 7.1. <u>RTIF Account or RTIF Funds</u>. All fees collected pursuant to the RTIF Program Fee by each Participating Agency shall be deposited in a RTIF account or RTIF fund and shall not be commingled with other funds of the Participating Agency. The contents of this RTIF fund shall be designated solely for the purpose of contributing to the financing of the RTIF Capital Projects included in the RTIF Capital Projects Report and for the funding of incidental administrative costs. Any interest income earned on the RTIF fund shall also be deposited therein and shall only be expended for the purposes as set forth in this Agreement.
- 7.2. Prohibition on Interfund Transfers or Loans. Notwithstanding subsection (b)(1)(G) of section 66006 of the Government Code there shall be no interfund transfer, grant or loan of the RTIF Program Fees or RTIF fund or RTIF account to other accounts, funds, programs or fees. However, a Participating Agency may provide loans, grants or transfers of RTIF Program Fees to other Participating Agencies or SJCOG provided that such funds are consistent with the RTIF Program and used for the development or construction of RTIF Capital Projects.
- 7.3. Reporting Requirements. Each Participating Agency and SJCOG shall prepare and deliver to the Executive Director of SJCOG semiannual reports by February 28 and August 31 of each year of the status of the RTIF Program and RTIF Program Fees collected by that Participating Agency or received by SJCOG. These reports, which will be reviewed by the SJCOG Board of Directors, shall specify the amount of RTIF Program Fee revenue collected and the corresponding fee generating activity, including, such information as the types of permits issued by land use category, developer credits and reimbursements granted, RTIF Program revenue applied to RTIF Capital Projects, and the status of RTIF Program fees forwarded to the County and SJCOG by the Cities.
- 7.4. Annual Reports. Each Participating Agency shall prepare an annual report consistent with the requirements of the Fee Mitigation Act (Gov. Code §§ 66000 et seq.) regarding the RTIF Program Fees and submit that report to the Executive Director of SJCOG by November 15 of each year that RTIF Program Fee funds are held by the Participating Agency. For purposes of preparing the annual reports to satisfy the requirements of the Fee Mitigation Act, SJCOG and the County shall coordinate with and provide to each Participating Agency in a timely manner, and no later than October 15 of each year, all necessary information regarding

the RTIF Program funds held by SJCOG and the County that were distributed to the County and SJCOG from the Participating Agencies pursuant to section 5.2 of this Agreement.

- 7.5. <u>Annual Audit</u>. The RTIF Program financial activity for each Participating Agency and SJCOG shall be reviewed annually by March 31 of each year by an independent certified public accountant selected and retained by SJCOG.
- 7.6. <u>RTIF Program Administrator</u>. SJCOG is the monitor of the RTIF Program and will monitor all fee revenue generated pursuant to the RTIF Program as reported by all Participating Agencies. SJCOG shall prepare an annual report in coordination with each Participating Agency at the end of each fiscal year, which will be reviewed by the SJCOG Board of Directors.

# SECTION 8. PERIODIC REVIEW OF RTIF PROGRAM FEES

- 8.1. Except as otherwise provided in Section 3.2 of this Agreement, the RTIF Program Fee shall not be adjusted during the first five years following the Effective Date of this Agreement. Thereafter, the RTIF Program Fee shall be evaluated, and adjusted accordingly, by all Participating Agencies and SJCOG every five (5) years to reflect the projected revenues generated or any other local or new funding sources, and to reflect changes in actual and estimated costs of the RTIF Capital Projects including, but not limited to, debt service, lease payments and construction costs. This evaluation shall include the report required by the Fee Mitigation Act (Gov. Code §§ 66000 et seq.) which includes, but is not limited to, all of the following information:
  - (a). Identifies the purpose (project need) to which the fee is to be put;
  - (b). Demonstrates a reasonable relationship between the fee and the purpose for which it is charged;
  - (c). Identifies all sources and amounts of funding anticipated to complete financing in incomplete improvements;
  - (d). Commits RTIF Program funds to RTIF Capital Project(s) and indicates that such funds are expended or reimbursed within the time periods established by the Fee Mitigation Act requirements; and,
  - (e). Identifies the RTIF Capital Projects to be constructed, the estimated costs of the RTIF Capital Projects, the costs to be funded by the RTIF Program Fee revenue, and the availability or lack thereof of other funds with which to construct the Regional Transportation Network.
- 8.2. If the periodic reports prepared pursuant to section 8.1 above demonstrates a need, the Participating Agencies, in coordination with SJCOG, may consider modifying the RTIF Program Fee amount to insure that it is a fair and equitable method of distributing the costs of the improvements necessary to accommodate traffic volumes generated by future growth.
- 8.3. SJCOG and the County shall coordinate with each Participating Agency in the preparation of the periodic reports required by Section 8.1 of this Agreement and the Fee

Mitigation Act, and provide any and all information and/or commitments necessary regarding RTIF Program fees distributed to SJCOG and the County from the Cities. In the event RTIF Program fees must be refunded pursuant to section 66001 of the Government Code, SJCOG and the County will provide to each City for refund any proportional share of RTIF Funds that must be refunded that were distributed to SJCOG and/or the County by each City.

# SECTION 9. SJCOG CAPITAL PROJECTS SELECTION.

- 9.1. RTIF Capital Projects Report. SJCOG will be responsible for establishing and maintaining the RTIF Project List. From time to time, at the request of a Participating Agency, and at least annually, SJCOG shall review the RTIF Capital Projects Report to add, modify, or remove RTIF Capital Projects. Each Participating Agency will have the opportunity to suggest changes to the Capital Projects within the RTIF Program at this time. SJCOG will make any and all changes to the Capital Projects Report annually taking into consideration the comments received from each Participating Agency consistent with the screening criteria contained within the RTIF Technical Report.
- 9.2. <u>Project Inclusion Criteria</u>. The technical basis of the RTIF Program is a list of road improvement projects identified as Capital Projects within the Regional Transportation Network which are eligible and appropriate for funding from the RTIF Program. The inclusion criteria used to select the RTIF Capital Projects are as set forth in the RTIF Technical Report. It is the application of these criteria that assure adherence to the required nexus principles. Modification to the inclusion criteria will require approval by resolution of all Participating Agencies and an update of the RTIF Technical Report.
- 9.3. <u>Selection of New Capital Projects</u>. Any new projects recommended for listing as a RTIF Capital Project must be modeled and screened consistent with the requirements of the Mitigation Fee Act (Gov. Code §§ 66000 et seq.) criteria for establishing a rational nexus. In addition, new projects added to the RTIF Project List must meet all of the following criteria:
  - 9.3.1. Highway, Interchange, and Regional Roadway Improvements
    - (a) The project is on the adopted Regional Transportation Network;
    - (b) The project is scheduled for delivery within the time frame evaluated in the RTIF Technical Report; and,
    - (c) The project involves a capacity improvement of one or more through travel or passing lanes, or auxiliary lanes (i.e. turn lanes). This criterion shall not be applied to interchange improvement projects.

# 9.3.2. Public Transit Improvements

- (a) The project is scheduled for delivery within the time frame evaluated in the RTIF Technical Report; and,
- (b) The project involves an improvement to an existing or a new service/facility which connects at least two (2) or more cities or regions.

- 9.4. <u>Inclusion in Regional Transportation Plan</u>. Prior to receiving any RTIF Program Fee revenue a project must be identified in the SJCOG Board approved Regional Transportation Plan (RTP) and the RTIF Project List.
- 9.5. <u>RTIF Project Management</u>. Each City is responsible for managing and delivering RTIF interchange and regional roadway projects located within its incorporated boundaries, except as otherwise specifically agreed to by such city. The County is responsible for managing and delivering RTIF Projects located within the unincorporated area of the county, except as otherwise specifically agreed to by the County.

# SECTION 10. CREDITS AND REIMBURSEMENTS

10.1. Reimbursements and Credits. In the event that RTIF Capital Projects are constructed by a developer in excess of the Development Project's RTIF Program Fee obligation or in lieu of payment of RTIF Program Fees by a developer pursuant to an agreement between the developer and the Participating Agency, the developer may be reimbursed or credited for future application for any costs based on the actual costs of construction of the RTIF Capital Project incurred by the developer in excess of the amount the RTIF Program Fees that apply to the Development Project. Reimbursements shall be enacted pursuant to an agreement between the developer and the Participating Agency contingent on payment of funds when available for reimbursement to the developer. In all cases, however, reimbursements to developers pursuant to any agreement must be consistent with construction of the transportation improvements as scheduled in the RTIF Capital Projects Report.

# SECTION 11. EXISTING REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION FEES

11.1. Each Participating Agency shall evaluate and adjust, if necessary, its existing local fee program(s), if any, associated with regional traffic impacts to determine continued compliance with the Fee Mitigation Act due to the adoption of the RTIF Program.

# **SECTION 12. WITHDRAWAL**

12.1. For reasons pertaining to the lack of direct benefit, a Participating Agency may elect to withdraw from the RTIF Program upon providing one year written notice to SJCOG and each Participating Agency. If the Participating Agency has accrued RTIF Program Fee revenue, all funds plus interest earned shall be expended on RTIF Capital Projects by the Participating Agency or by any Participating Agency or SJCOG.

# SECTION 13. MISCELLANEOUS

- 13.1. <u>Effective Date</u>. This Agreement shall be effective and all Participating Agencies and SJCOG shall be authorized to proceed under this Operating Agreement at the date in which this Agreement has been executed by the San Joaquin County Board of Supervisors, the City Councils of each of the Cities, and SJCOG.
- 13.2. <u>Partial Invalidity</u>. If any one or more of the terms or provisions of this Agreement shall be adjudged invalid, unenforceable, void or voidable by a court of competent jurisdiction,

each and all of the remaining terms and provisions of this Agreement shall not be affected thereby and shall be valid and enforceable to the fullest extent permitted by law.

- 13.3. <u>Amendments</u>. Any amendments to this Agreement shall be made by the SJCOG and all Participating Agencies.
- 13.4. <u>Enforcement</u>. It shall be the responsibility of the Participating Agencies and SJCOG to adopt, implement, and maintain the RTIF Program consistent with the terms of this Agreement.
- 13.5. <u>Execution</u>. The Board of Supervisors of the County of San Joaquin, the City Councils of the Cities, and the Board of Directors of SJCOG have each authorized execution of this Agreement as evidence by the authorized signatures below.
- 13.6. <u>Counterparts</u>. This Agreement may be executed in one or more counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original, but all of which, together, shall constitute one and the same instrument.

<u>PARTY</u>		DATE OF APPROVAL
Board of Supervisors, County of San Joaquin		
Ву		
Chair		Date
Attest:		
Clerk of the Board		
City Council, City of Escalon		
Ву		
Mayor		Date
Attest:		
City Clerk		

City Council, City of Lathrop	
Ву	
Mayor	Date
Attest:	
City Clerk	
City Council, City of Lodi	
Ву	
Mayor	Date
Attest:	
City Clerk	
City Council, City of Manteca	
Ву	
Mayor	Date
Attest:	
City Clerk	
City Council, City of Ripon	
Ву	
Mayor	Date
Attest:	
City Clerk	

City Council, City of Stockton		
Ву		
Mayor		Date
Attest:		
City Clerk		
City Council, City of Tracy		
Ву		
Mayor		Date
Attest:		
City Clerk		
San Joaquin Council of Governments		
Ву		
Board Chair		Date
Attest:		
Interim Executive Director		

# **EXHIBIT A**

# RTIF LAND USE FEE CATEGORY SUMMARY

# RESIDENTIAL

# **Single-Family Dwelling**

A single family dwelling is defined as a residence designed for or occupied exclusively as a residence for one family; including a vacation home or seasonal dwelling and is located on one parcel.

# **Multi-Family Dwelling**

Multi-family dwellings are defined as single structures designed for and/or constructed to contain two (2) or more dwelling units which share common walls (i.e., rowhouse, townhouse, duplex, triplex, quadraplex, condominium, apartment complex). When an existing single-family dwelling is converted into two (2) or more dwellings, it will be reclassified and subject to the multi-family dwelling regional fee. As a planned development containing two (2) or more residences, mobile homes parks are considered multi-family dwellings. A "commercial apartment" dwelling located within a commercial building is classified as a multi-family dwelling.

# **NON-RESIDENTIAL**

Relationship of businesses to RTIF non-residential land use categories are based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS)

#### Retail

Sector comprises establishments engaged in retailing merchandise, generally without transformation and rendering services incidental to the sale of merchandise—fixed point of sale location. NAICS Sectors 44 & 45 represents the retail industry. Examples of retail businesses include:

- Garden material and garden supply dealers
- Food and beverage stores (i.e., grocery stores, specialty food stores, beer/wine/liquor stores)
- Health and personal care stores
- Gasoline stations
- Motor vehicle and parts dealers
- Furniture and home furnishing stores
- Electronics and appliance stores
- Clothing and clothing accessories stores

- Sporting goods, hobby, book and music stores
- General merchandise stores
- Miscellaneous store retailers
- Non-store retailers such as electronic shopping and mail-order houses, direct selling establishments

# Office/Service

Sector comprises finance, insurance, real estate professional, scientific and technical services, research and development, administrative & support services, education, health care and social assistance and other such as repair & maintenance, personal & laundry, and religious centers, including churches. NAICS Sectors 51 - 72, 81 & 92 represents the office industry. Examples of office related businesses include:

- Publishing industries, except Internet
- Motion picture and sound recording industries
- Broadcasting, except Internet
- Internet publishing and broadcasting
- Telecommunications
- Internet Service Providers, search portals, and data processing
- Other information services such as libraries and archives, news syndicates
- Monetary authorities such as banks, credit unions, credit card issuing services, sales financing, mortgage and non-mortgage loan brokers
- Securities, commodity contracts, investments
- Insurance carriers and related activities
- Funds, trusts, and other financial vehicles
- Real estate
- Rental and leasing activities
- Lessors of non-financial intangible assets
- Professional and technical services such as legal, accounting, engineering, design, consulting, research and development, advertising services
- Management of companies and enterprises
- Administrative and support services such as employment, business support (i.e., call centers, collection agencies), travel arrangement and reservation services, services to buildings and dwellings (i.e., janitorial, landscaping, pest control, carpet cleaning)
- Waste management and remediation services
- Educational services
- Health care and social assistance
- Hospitals
- Nursing and residential care facilities
- Social assistance (i.e., child/youth services, services for the elderly and persons with disabilities, shelters, food banks, vocational rehabilitation services, day care)
- Art, entertainment, and recreation
- Museums, historical sites, zoos, and parks
- Amusements, gambling, and recreation

- Accommodation and food services (i.e., traveler accommodations such as hotels and motels, bed-and breakfast inns, RV parks, rooming and boarding houses)
- Food services and drinking places (i.e., caterers, mobile food services, drinking places of alcoholic beverages, and full service restaurants)

# **Industrial**

RTIF land use category of industrial is includes **Manufacturing** establishments engaged in the mechanical, physical, or chemical transformation of components into products to include construction engaged in buildings and other structures. The industrial land use category also includes **Transportation**, **Logistics**, **and Warehousing** establishments engaged in wholesaling merchandise, generally without transformation and rendering services incidental to the sale of merchandise including industries providing transportation of passengers and cargo, warehousing and storage of goods, scenic and sightseeing transportation. The NAICS Sectors 21, 22, 23, 31 through 33, 42, 48 & 49 represents the industrial land use category. Examples of industrial related businesses include:

- Mining
- Support activities for mining
- Utilities (i.e., power generation and supply, natural gas distribution, water treatment plants)
- Construction of buildings
- Heavy and civil engineering construction
- Specialty trade contractors such as roofing, sheet rock, framing contractors
- Building and equipment contractors
- Building finishing contractors
- Other specialty trades such as residential and non-residential site preparations
- Food manufacturing (i.e., animal, flour, rice, breakfast cereal, dairy products, bakeries, nuts)
- Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing
- Textile and textile product mills
- Apparel manufacturing
- Leather and applied product manufacturing
- Wood product manufacturing
- Paper Manufacturing
- Printing and related support activities
- Petroleum and coal products manufacturing
- Chemical manufacturing
- Plastics and rubber products manufacturing
- Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing (i.e., glass, cement & concrete, clay, lime/gypsum)
- Primary metal manufacturing
- Fabricated metal product manufacturing
- Machinery manufacturing
- Computer and electronic product manufacturing

- Electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing
- Transportation equipment manufacturing
- Furniture and related product manufacturing
- Miscellaneous manufacturing (i.e., medical equipment, jewelry, sporting goods, signage)
- Merchant wholesalers of durable and non-durable goods (i.e., motor vehicles and parts, furniture, lumber, paper, clothing, petroleum bulk stations and terminals)
- Electronic markets and agents and brokers
- Air, rail, water, truck, pipeline, scenic/sight seeing transportation
- Transit and ground passenger transportation
- Support activities for transportation
- Postal services
- Couriers and messengers
- Warehousing and storage



# Please immediately confirm receipt of this fax by calling 333-6702

# **CITY OF LODI** P. O. BOX 3006 LODI, CALIFORNIA 95241-1910

# **ADVERTISING INSTRUCTIONS**

**SUBJECT** SPECIAL NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING FOR February 1,2006 for the Adoption of the San Joaquin County Regional Transportation Fee and Authorizing the City Manager to Execute the Fee Program Operating Agreement.

PUBLISH DATE: January 9,2006 AND January 16,2006

**TEAR SHEETS WANTED:** Three (3) please

SEND AFFIDAVIT AND BILL TO: SUSAN BLACKSTON. CITY CLERK

> City of Lodi P.O. Box 3006 Lodi, CA 95241-1910

DATED: Thursday January 5,2006

**ORDERED BY:** SUSAN J. BLACKSTON

CITY CLERK

JENNIFER M. PERRIN, CMC DEPUTY CITY CLERK

JACQUELINE L. TAYLOR, CMC

DEPUTY CITY CLERK

DANA R. CHAPMAN ADMINISTRATIVE CLERK

Verify Appearance of this Legal in the Newspaper - Copy to File

Faxed to the Sentinel at 369-1084 at 15 0 6 (time) on 3:000 M (pages) Phoned to confirm receipt of all pages at 307 (time) JMP (initials)



# **DECLARATION OF MAILING**

PUBLIC HEARING FOR February 1,2006 for the Adoption of the San Joaquin Regional Transportation Fee and authorizing the City Manager to execute the fee program operating agreement.

On January 6, 2006, in the City of Lodi, San Joaquin County, California, I deposited in the United States mail, envelopes with first-class postage prepaid thereon, for the Adoption of the San Joaquin County Regional Transportation Fee and authorizing the City Manager to execute the fee program operating agreement.

There is a regular daily communication by mail between **the** City of Lodi, California, and the places to which said envelopes were addressed.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed on January 6, 2006, at Lodi, California.

ORDERED BY:

SUSAN BLACKSTON CITY CLERK, CITY OF LODI

**ORDERED BY:** 

JENNIFER M. PERRIN, CMC DEPUTY CITY CLERK

DANA R. CHAPMAN ADMINISTRATIVE CLERK JACQUELINE L. TAYLOR, CMC DEPUTY CITY CLERK



# **DECLARATION OF POSTING**

PUBLIC HEARING FOR FEBRUARY 1,2006 for the Adoption of the San Joaquin County Regional Transportation Fee and authorizing the City Manager to execute the fee program operating agreement.

On Friday January 6, 2006, in the City of Lodi, San Joaquin County, California, a Notice of Public Hearing for the Adoption of the San Joaquin County Regional Transportation Fee and authorizing the City Manager to execute the fee program operating agreement was posted at;

Lodi Public Library Lodi City Clerk's Office Lodi City Hall Lobby Lodi Carnegie Forum

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed on January 6, 2006, at Lodi, California.

ORDERED BY:

SUSAN J. BLACKSTON CITY CLERK

JENNIFER M. PERRIN, CMC DEPUTY CITY CLERK

JACQUELINE L. TAYLOR, CMC DEPUTY CITY CLERK

DANA R. CHAPMAN ADMINISTRATIVE CLERK



# **CITY OF LODI**

Carnegie Forum 305 West Pine Street, Lodi

# **NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING**

Date: February 1, 2006

Time: 7:00 p.m.

For information regarding this notice please contact:

Susan J. Blackston City Clerk Telephone: (209) 333-6702

#### NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING

NOTICE **IS** HEREBY GIVEN that on Wednesday, **February 1, 2006** at the hour of 7:00 p.m., or as soon thereafter as the matter may be heard, the City Council will conduct a public hearing at the Carnegie Forum, 305 West Pine Street, Lodi, to consider the following matter:

a) Adoption of the San Joaquin County Regional Transportation Fee and authorizing the City Manager to execute the fee program operating agreement.

Information regarding this item may be obtained in the Public Works Department, 221 West Pine Street, Lodi, California. All interested persons are invited to present their views and comments on this matter. Written statements may be filed with the City Clerk at any time prior to the close of the hearing scheduled herein, and oral statements may be made at said hearing.

If you challenge the subject matter in court, you may be limited to raising only those issues you or someone else raised at the public hearing described in this notice or in written correspondence delivered to the City Clerk, 221 West Pine Street, at or prior to the close of the public hearing.

Blech

By Order of the Lodi City Council:

Susan J. Blackston

City Clerk

Dated: January 4, 2006

Approved as to form:

D. Stephen Schwabauer

City Attorney

CITY COUNCIL

SUSAN HITCHCOCK. Mayor BOB JOHNSON Mayor Pro Tempore JOHNBECKMAN LARRY D. HANSEN JOANNE L MOUNCE

# CITY OF LODI

# PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

CITY HALL, 221 WEST PINE STREET
P.O. BOX 3006
LOOI, CALIFORNIA 95241-1910
(209) 333-6706
FAX (209) 333-6710
EMAIL pwdept@lodi.gov
http:\\www.lodi.gov

December 30.2005

BLAIR KING
City Manager
SUSAN J. BLACKSTON
City Clerk
D. STEVEN SCHWABAUER
City Attorney

RICHARD C. PRIMA. JR.

Public Works Director

Mr. Andy Chesley San Joaquin Council of Governments 555 E. Weber Avenue Stockton. CA 95202 Pennino & Associates 1502 Keagle Way Lodi, CA 95242

SUBJECT: Re-Set Public Hearing for February 1, 2006 to Consider Resolution

Adopting the San Joaquin County Regional Transportation Impact Fee (RTIF) and Authorize City Manager to Execute Fee Program Operating

Agreement

Enclosed is a copy of background information on an item on the City Council agenda of Wednesday, January 4, 2006. The meeting will be held at 7 p.m. in the City Council Chamber, Carnegie Forum, 305 West Pine Street.

This is to notify you that as indicated in the title, the only action will be to re-set a public hearing date on the item. Public hearings are usually set for the second following Council Meeting. Please refer to the December 21, 2005 City Council meeting minutes on our website <a href="www.lodi.gov">www.lodi.gov</a> or contact our office at (209) 333-6706 for a draft of the Resolution. Any pertinent information will be on the February 1, 2006 Agenda.

If you wish to write to the City Council, please address your letter to City Council, City of Lodi, P. O. Box 3006, Lodi, California, 95241-1910. Be sure to allow time for the mail. Or, you may hand-deliver the letter to City Hall, 221 West Pine Street.

If you wish to address the Council at the Council Meeting, be sure to fill out a speaker's card (available at the Carnegie Forum immediately prior to the start of the meeting) and give it to the City Clerk. If you have any questions about communicating with the Council, please contact Susan Blackston, City Clerk, at (209) 333-6702.

If you have any questions about the item itself, please call me at (209) 333-6759

Richard C. Prima, Jr Public Works Director

> RCP/pmf Enclosure

cc: City Clerk

NCPUBLICHEARING DOC